Revised Draft of Proposed Rules

Office of the Colorado Secretary of State Election Rules 8 CCR 1505-1

August 7, 2014

Disclaimer:

The proposed draft rules have changed. This draft supersedes the Preliminary Draft that was issued with the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking on July 15, 2014. These revised proposed rules will be considered at the August 14, 2014 rulemaking hearing.

In accordance with the State Administrative Procedure Act, this revised copy of the proposed rules is made available to the public and posted on the Department of State's website.¹

Please note the following formatting key:

Font effect	Meaning
Sentence case	Retained/modified current rule language
SMALL CAPS	New language
Strikethrough	Deletions
Italic blue font text	Annotations
Shading	Revisions to the July 15, 2014 preliminary draft.

- 1 [Amendments to 8 CCR 1505-1]
- 2 Amendments to Current Rule 1:
- 3 [Current Rules 21.1.1, 21.1.2, 21.1.3, 21.1.4, 21.1.5, 21.1.6, 21.1.9, 21.1.10, 21.1.13, 21.1.18,
- 4 21.1.21 are amended and incorporated into Rule 1 as follows]

5 **Rule 1. Definitions**

6 1.1 As used in these Rules, unless stated otherwise:

7 21.1.1 "Audio ballot" means a voter interface containing the list of all candidates, 8 ballot issues, and ballot questions upon which an eligible elector is entitled to vote 9 in an election. It also provides the voter with audio stimuli and allows the voter to 10 communicate voting intent to the voting system through vocalization or physical 11 actions.

¹ Section 24-4-103(4)(a), C.R.S. (2013). "[A]ny proposed rule or revised proposed rule by an agency which is to be considered at the public hearing...shall be made available to any person at least five days prior to said hearing."

- 21.1.2 "Audit log" means a system-generated record GENERATED BY A VOTING
 SYSTEM, in printed or electronic format, providing a record of activities and
 events relevant to initializing election MANAGEMENT software and hardware,
 INCLUDING the identification of files containing election parameters, initializing
 the tabulation process, processing voted ballots, and terminating the tabulation
 process.
 - 21.1.3 "Ballot image" means a DIGITALLY CAPTURED IMAGE OF A PAPER BALLOT OR A corresponding representation in electronic form of the marks or vote positions of a cast ballot that are captured by ON a DRE or a digitally retained image of a ballot.
 - 21.1.4-1.1.4 "Ballot marking device" (BMD) means a device that may integrate components such as an optical scanner, printer, touch-screen monitor, audio output, and a navigational keypad and uses electronic technology to:
 - (a) Mark a paper ballot at voter direction;
 - (b) Interpret the ballot selections;
 - (c) Communicate the interpretation for voter verification; and then
 - (d) Print a voter-verified ballot.

- 1.1.1-1.1.5 "Ballot measure" means a ballot issue or ballot question as defined in sections 1-1-104(2.3) and (2.7), C.R.S.
- 1.1.2 1.1.6 "Blank ballot" means a ballot on which the voter has made no marks in any voting position, has marked with an unreadable marker, or has consistently marked outside of the "read" area of the scanner.
- 21.1.5-1.1.7 "Ballot style" means a specific ballot layout or content for an election. The ballot style is the presentation of the unique combination of contests and candidates for which the voter is eligible to vote. It includes the order of contests and candidates, the list of ballot positions for each contest, and the binding of candidate names to ballot positions within the presentation. Multiple precincts may use a single ballot style. Multiple styles may appear in a single precinct where voters are split between two or more districts or other categories defining voter eligibility for particular contests and candidates.
- 1.1.3-1.1.8 "Canvass workers" means workers appointed or hired by the designated election official to assist in the preparation and conduct of the canvass.
- 1.1.4-1.1.9 "Central count" means the county's principal ballot counting and processing location.
- 1.1.5-1.1.10 "Chain-of-custody log" means a written record showing that a voting system component or data, election record or other item is secured and in the

documented and uninterrupted possession and control of an election official 1 through the entire time of a jurisdiction's ownership, use or retention. 2 21.1.6-1.1.11 "Closed network" means a network CONFIGURATION IN WHICH VOTING 3 SYSTEM COMPONENTS CONNECT TO AND COMMUNICATE ONLY WITH EACH OTHER 4 5 AND NOT WITH THE INTERNET OR ANY OTHER COMPUTER NETWORK. structure in which devices are not connected to the internet or other office automation 6 7 networks, except as allowable under this Rule. 8 1.1.6 1.1.12 "Damaged ballot" means a ballot that is torn, bent, or otherwise mutilated 9 or rendered unreadable, so that it cannot be processed by the optical scanner ballot reader. Damaged ballots include: 10 All ballots that contain a foreign substance that could interfere with the 11 (a) optical scan machine (e.g. food, drink, etc.). 12 Ballots that are marked in a medium or manner other than indicated in the 13 (b) ballot instructions. 14 Ballots that the elector marked in a way that would disclose his or her 15 (c) identity. 16 1.1.7 1.1.13 "Data entry county" means a county using an election management system 17 that exports a file to be directly uploaded to the Election Night Results system. 18 "Designated election official" includes the designated election official's 19 1.1.8 1.1.14 sworn, deputized designee. 20 "Direct Recording Electronic voting device" (DRE) means a voting device 21 1.1.9 1.1.15 that visually displays or audibly presents a ballot and records an elector's votes 22 directly into electronic storage media. 23 1.1.10-1.1.16 "Duplicated ballot" means a ballot for which a true copy must be made for 24 the ballot to be properly processed and counted because of damage, improper 25 marking, or any issue that would prevent a ballot tabulating machine from 26 accurately counting the ballot. 27 28 1.1.11 "Election complaint" means a complaint filed with the Secretary of State under Articles 1 through 13 of Title 1, C.R.S. 29 21.1.9 1.1.18 "Election management system" MEANS THE HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE 30 APPLICATIONS USED TO CONFIGURE, PROGRAM, AND REPORT ELECTION RESULTS 31 FROM ONE OR MORE VOTING SYSTEM COMPONENTS, includes, including the ballot 32 33 definition subsystem and the election reporting subsystem. The election management system may provide utilities for other election administration tasks, 34 including maintaining equipment inventories, estimating ballot printing needs, 35 and maintaining information on voter service and polling centers. 36

21.1.10-1.1.19"Election media" means any device including a cartridge, card, memory 1 device, or hard drive used in a voting system for the purposes of storing election 2 setup records (ballot or card styles), recording voting results from electronic vote 3 4 tabulating equipment, or any other data storage required by the voting system for a particular election function. The election management system typically 5 downloads ballot style information to the election media and uploads results and 6 7 ballot images from the election media. 8 1.1.12 1.1.20 "Election setup records" means the electronic records, often in the form of a database or a set of databases, generated by election MANAGEMENT software to 9 create and define ballots, tabulation instruction, and other functions related to the 10 election. 11 1.1.13-1.1.21 "Election MANAGEMENT software" means the software for election 12 equipment or computers that controls election setup vote recording, vote 13 tabulation, and reporting. 14 15 1.1.14-1.1.22 "Electronic ballot" means a non-paper ballot such as on a touch screen or through audio feedback. After a voter casts an electronic ballot, the voter's 16 choices must be: 17 Marked and printed on a paper ballot for subsequent counting by a paper 18 (a) 19 ballot scanning device; or Digitally recorded and counted by the touch screen device, commonly 20 (b) referred to as a Direct Recording Electronic (DRE) device. 21 1.1.15 1.1.23 "Electronic Transmission" means: 22 23 (a) For the purpose of sending an unvoted ballot: To a military or overseas elector under Article 8.3 of Title 1, 24 (1) C.R.S., by fax, email, or online ballot delivery. 25 26 (2) To an elector requesting a replacement for an emergency under section 1-7.5-115, C.R.S., by fax or email. 27 28 (3) To an affected elector requesting a ballot because of a disaster 29 emergency under Rule 7.4.7. For the purpose of returning a voted ballot to the county clerk fax or 30 (b) email. 31 1.1.16-1.1.24 "Firmware" means computer programs stored on read-only memory 32 devices or other electronic circuitry in voting devices that control the basic 33 operation and function of those devices. 34

1 1.1.17 1.1.25 "Help America Vote Act complaint" or "HAVA complaint" means a complaint filed with the Secretary of State under Title III of the Help America Vote Act (HAVA) and Article 1.5 of Title 1, C.R.S.

- 1.1.18 1.1.26 "Immediate voting area" means the area that is within six feet of the voting equipment, voting booths, and the ballot box.
 - 1.1.19-1.1.27 "Manual entry county" means a county that does not use an election management system to export data to the Election Night Results system.
 - 1.1.20-1.1.28 "Official Observer" means either an observer appointed by the Secretary of State or an observer appointed by the federal government and approved by the Secretary of State. Official Observers may be present in all phases of the election process and perform duties as may be assigned by the Secretary of State, but are subject to Rules and regulations as prescribed by the Secretary of State.
 - 21.1.13-1.1.29 "Optical scanner" means an ELECTROMECHANICAL DEVICE THAT INTERPRETS, TABULATES, AND STORES IN DIGITAL FORM MARKINGS ON PAPER BALLOTS.-optical or digital ballot scanner.
 - 1.1.21-1.1.30 "Overvote" means an instance where the elector marked votes for more than the maximum number of candidates or responses for a ballot measure.
 - 1.1.22 1.1.31 "Qualified political organization" means an organization that has placed a candidate for congressional or state office on the ballot in a congressional vacancy or general election, whose officers have filed proof of organization with the Secretary of State, and that continues to meet the requirements of Rules 3.3 and 3.4. [Baer v. Meyer , 728 F.2d 47 (10th Cir. 1984)]
 - 1.1.23-1.1.32 "Related to the second degree" means spouse, civil union partner, parents, children, brothers and sisters, grandparents, and grandchildren.
 - 1.1.24-1.1.33 "Removable card or cartridge" means a programming card or cartridge, except a voter activation card, that stores firmware, software, or data.
 - 1.1.25-1.1.34 "SCORE" means the centralized statewide registration system and the computerized statewide voter registration list described in Part 3 of Article 2 of Title 1.
- 1.1.26-1.1.35 "Seal" means a serial-numbered tamper-evident device that, if broken or missing, indicates that the chain-of-custody is broken and a device is not secure.
 - 21.1.18-1.1.36 "Split precinct" means a precinct that has a geographical divide between one or more political jurisdictions which results in each jurisdiction within the precinct to be assigned different ballot styles for a specific election.

1.1.27-1.1.37 "Statement of Ballots Form" means the form used at the polling location 1 2 that accounts for all ballots at that location and includes all information required 3 by Rule 10. 1.1.28 1.1.38 "Target area" means the square, oval, incomplete line, or incomplete 4 arrow corresponding to the candidate's name or ballot response (examples: "Yes", 5 "No", "For" or "Against") on a paper ballot. 6 1.1.29 1.1.39 "Teleprocessing lines" means secure, dedicated communication 7 8 transmission facilities used for the purpose of accessing SCORE, and ensuring the 9 security and integrity of voting information so that no deviation can go undetected. 10 1.1.30-1.1.40 "Trusted build" means the write-once installation disk or disks for 11 software and firmware for which the Secretary of State has established the chain 12 of evidence CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY to the building of the disk(s), which is then used 13 to establish or re-establish the chain-of-custody of any component of a voting 14 15 system that contains firmware or software. The trusted build is the origin of the chain of evidence CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY for any software and firmware component 16 of the voting system. 17 1.1.31 1.1.41 "Undervote" means an instance where the voter marked votes for fewer 18 19 than the maximum number of candidates or responses for a ballot measure. 20 1.1.32-1.1.42 "Video security surveillance recording" means video monitoring by a device that continuously records a designated location or a system using motion 21 detection that records one frame, or more, per minute until detection of motion 22 23 triggers continuous recording. 1.1.33-1.1.43 "Voting system" as defined in section 1-1-104(50.8), C.R.S., means: 24 25 (a) The total combination of mechanical, electromechanical, or electronic equipment (including the software, firmware, and documentation required 26 27 to program, control, and support the equipment) that is used to: 28 (1) Define ballots; 29 (2) Cast and count votes: Report or display election results; and 30 (3) (4) Maintain and produce any audit trail information. 31 (b) The practices and associated documentation used to: 32 33 (1) Identify system components and versions of such components; (2) Test the system during its development and maintenance; 34

1		(3) Maintain records of system errors and defects,
2 3		(4) Determine specific system changes to be made to a system after the initial qualification of the system; and
4 5		(5) Make available any materials to the voter (such as notices, instructions, forms, or paper ballots).
6 7 8 9 10 11	(c)	"Voting system" does not include any other component of election administration, such as voter registration applications or systems, electronic pollbooks, ballot delivery and retrieval systems, signature verification and ballot—ENVELOPE sorting devices, ballot on demand printers, election night reporting and other election reporting systems, and other components used throughout the election process that do not capture and tabulate votes.
13 14 15	laborat	"Voting system test laboratory" (VSTL) means a federally accredited ory, as defined in section 1-1-104(16.5), C.R.S., which is accredited by the conduct ENTITY THAT CONDUCTS certification testing for voting systems.
16	1.1.34 -1.1.45	"VVPAT" has the same meaning as in section 1-1-104(50.6), C.R.S.
17	1.1.35 -1.1.46	"Watcher" has the same meaning as in section 1-1-104(51), C.R.S.
18 19	(a)	A watcher may be appointed for a recall election in the same manner as in a primary election.
20 21 22	(b)	For the purpose of appointing a watcher, the proponent or opponent of a ballot measure means a registered issue committee supporting or opposing the ballot measure.
23 24 25	(c)	A designated watcher need not be a resident of the county he or she is designated in as long as he or she is an eligible elector in the State of Colorado.
26 27 28	name	"Write-in vote" means a vote where the voter physically writes in the of a qualified write-in candidate in the space reserved on the ballot for n votes and properly marks the target area according to voter instructions.
29 30 31	vote-ta	"Zero tape" means a printout of the internal data registers in electronic bulating equipment indicating a zero value before any ballots are tabulated machine.
32	Rule 2.1 is amended of	as follows:
33	Rule 2 Voter Regist	ration

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Submission of voter registration forms

34

2.1

An applicant may submit a properly executed voter registration form to the county 1 2 clerk in person, by mail, by fax, by online voter registration, or as an email 3 attachment. 2.1.2 All applications submitted by mail, fax, or as an email attachment are mail 4 5 registrations. [Section 1-2-501, C.R.S.] 6 2.1.3 2.1.2 If any portion of a mail application is illegible, the county clerk must notify the applicant of the additional information required in accordance with 7 8 section 1-2-509, C.R.S. 9 2.1.4 2.1.3 For submitting applications by fax, email, or online voter registration, close of business is 11:59 p.m. MT. 10 2.1.5 2.1.4 Under section 1-2-508, C.R.S., the effective date of a voter registration 11 application received by the Secretary of State is the date of the postmark, if 12 legible. If there is no legible postmark, the effective date is the date the 13 application is received. 14 15 2.1.6 If a county clerk receives a paper voter registration application other than inperson between 21 and 7 days before election day, the county clerk must send the 16 17 applicant notification by regular mail, or email if provided, within one business 18 day stating that the application is received but the applicant will not receive a ballot by mail The notice must state that, if the applicant wishes to vote in the 19 20 upcoming election, the applicant must register: 21 Through the online voter registration system on or before the eighth day before election day, or 22 In person at the county clerk's office or a voter service and polling center 23 through election day. 24 2.1.7 In accordance with section 1-2-204(1)(a), C.R.S. and the Colorado voter 25 registration form affidavit, an elector may not register to vote in a new district or 26 county unless he or she has already moved and established his or her primary 27 28 residence in the new district or county. Intent to move to a new district or county, in and of itself, is not enough to establish residency. 29 30 2.1.5 THE COUNTY CLERK MUST IMPLEMENT A PROCESS TO ENSURE THAT THE COUNTY 31 ACCURATELY PROCESSES VOTER REGISTRATION APPLICATIONS IN SCORE. 32 Amendments to Current Rule 2.2: 33 2.2 For purposes of precinct caucus lists and registration lists for municipal, special district, or school district director elections, the elector's length-DURATION of residency is based 34 upon the date the elector moved to his or her current residence address, as provided by 35 36 the elector in his or her application. [Section 1-3-101, C.R.S.]

- 2.2.1 Effective January 1, 2014, IN SCORE, the county clerk must enter the date provided by the elector THAT HE OR SHE MOVED TO HIS OR HER CURRENT RESIDENCE ADDRESS. in the registration record maintained in SCORE. [Sections 1 3-101, 31-10-201, and 32-1-103(5), C.R.S.]
 - 2.2.2 If the elector submits an application and does not include the date he or she moved, the county clerk must use the date the application is received or postmarked, whichever is earlier, as the date moved. If the elector submits the application during the 22 days before election day and does not provide the date he or she moved, the county clerk must use as the date moved the twenty second day before election day based upon the affidavit.
- 12 2.2.3 In accordance with section 1-2-104, C.R.S., if a municipality, special district, or school district coordinates with a county clerk to conduct an election, the county clerk must apply the residency requirements of the municipality, special district, or school district. Nothing in these Rules supersedes any durational residency or other requirements in local charters, ordinances, or titles 22, 31, or 32, as applicable.

New Rule 2.3.4:

2.3.4 DOCUMENTS ISSUED UNDER SECTION 42-2-505, C.R.S., ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE FORMS OF IDENTIFICATION FOR ANY PURPOSE UNDER THE UNIFORM ELECTION CODE OF 1992 AND THESE RULES.

Current Rule 2.5.4 is repealed as follows:

2.5.4 When the county clerk provides a list of eligible electors to a municipality or special district for an election not coordinated with the county, the county clerk must request the designated election official of the municipality or special district provide the vote history information following the election. As soon as feasible after receiving the information, the county clerk must remove the ID Required flag in SCORE from the record of each person who voted, as provided in section 1 2 605(4)(b), C.R.S.

Amendments to Current Rule 2.10:

- An elector who has received notice that his or her application for registration may not be processed or whose registration was cancelled because his or her name was matched with a record bearing the same name, date of birth, and social security number in the databases provided by Colorado Department of Corrections or Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, and who believes that the match was erroneous, may request that his or her application be processed or registration be reinstated if he or she÷ SUBMITS A COMPLETED REINSTATEMENT FORM TO THE COUNTY CLERK.
- 37 2.10.1 Appears in person at the office of the county clerk and presents identification; or

1 2 3	2.10.2	match	was	in error. The applicant must include his or her printed name, dress, and date of birth on the signed and dated statement.
4	Amendments t	o Curr	ent Rule	e 2.12.1 concerning voter registration confidentiality:
5 6 7	2.12.1	a vote	r regist	about an agency's name and location for an application completed at ration agency or driver's license office is confidential. [42 USC § § (c)(2)(D)(iii)]
8 9				e 2.13.2 through 2.13.5 (concerning list maintenance under section 8 ration Act of 1993):
10 11 12	2.13.2		ınder so	y of State will provide monthly National Change of Address (NCOA) ection 1-2-302.5, C.R.S., to the county clerk by the fifth of each
13 14 15		(a)	notific	ounty must process the data to update registration records and send cations in accordance with section 1-2-302.5, C.R.S., by the end of month.
16 17 18			(1)	The county may not change a residential address to a non-residential address, like a post office box, based on the information in the NCOA data.
19 20 21			(2)	The county is not required to automatically update a voter registration record during the 60 days before a coordinated AN election CONDUCTED BY THE COUNTY CLERK.
22 23 24 25			(3)	If the county clerk has previously mailed a confirmation card to an elector whose record is marked inactive FOR ANY REASON, the county clerk is not required to mail another confirmation card to the elector at the same address.
26 27 28			(4)	IF AN ELECTOR MOVES WITHIN A COUNTY, THE COUNTY MAY NOT MARK THE ELECTOR'S RECORD "ACTIVE" BASED ON THE NCOA DATA IF THE RECORD IS INCOMPLETE, PENDING, OR CANCELED.
29 30		(b)		the county updates a voter registration record using NCOA data, the y must use the NCOA transaction source.
31 32 33 34 35 36		(C)	302.50 TO TH NOTIF	ELECTOR WHOSE ADDRESS WAS UPDATED UNDER SECTION 1-2-(2)(B)(I)(A), C.R.S., RETURNS THE VOTED BALLOT THAT WAS MAILED HE ELECTOR'S PREVIOUS ADDRESS, THE VOTED BALLOT SERVES AS ICATION UNDER SECTION 1-2-302.5(2)(B)(I)(B), C.R.S. AND THE TY MUST CORRECT THE ELECTOR'S RECORD ACCORDING TO THAT ON.

1 2 3	2.13.3	Genera	ordance with section 1-2-605(7), C.R.S., no later than 90 days following a all Election, the county clerk in each county must cancel the registrations of the section who have met the following requirements:
4 5		(a)	Whose records have been marked "Inactive – returned mail", "Inactive – undeliverable ballot", or "Inactive – NCOA";
6		(b)	Who have been mailed a confirmation card; and
7 8		(c)	Who have since failed to vote in two consecutive General GENERAL elections.
9 10 11 12	2.13.4	under the rec	sector whose registration record was cancelled during the previous six years section 1-2-605(7), C.R.S., and Rule 2.13.3, may request reinstatement of cord. The elector must affirm that he or she has continuously resided at the s shown on the registration record since the record was cancelled.
13 14 15	2.13.5		unty may consolidate or cancel duplicate records in accordance with section 4, C.R.S., within the period beginning 90 days before a Primary or General on.
16 17	2.13.4		OUNTY MUST PROCESS ALL RECORDS DESIGNATED FOR CANCELATION BY THE TARY OF ${f S}$ TATE WITHIN SEVEN BUSINESS DAYS OF RECEIPT.
18	Amendments t	o Curre	ent Rule 2.14:
19	2.14 Voter 1	registra	tion at a voter service and polling center
20 21	2.14.1		son registering voters or updating voter registration information in a voter e and polling center must:
22 23		(a)	Be a permanent or temporary county employee, state employee, or temporary staff hired by the county clerk;
24 25 26 27 28		(b)	Successfully pass the criminal background check described in Rule 6.5-Any person who has been convicted of an election offense or an offense with an element of fraud is prohibited from handling voter registration applications or conducting voter registration and list maintenance activities; and
29		The de	eleted portion of Current Rule 2.14.1(b) moved to New Rule 6.5.
30 31		(c)	Effective January 1, 2014, successfully-Successfully complete a training course provided by the Secretary of State.
32	[Curre	ent rule	2.14.2 is retained; unaltered]
22			out Pula 2.15.

1	2.15	Voter	registra	tion red	cords and data
2 3 4 5 6		2.15.1	been of vot	y clerk ligitally er regis	ling the retention timelines specified in section 1-2-227, C.R.S., the may destroy paper voter registration records as soon as they have recorded in SCORE. The SCORE system must retain digital images stration applications in perpetuity in accordance with Title 1, C.R.SSECTION 1-5-301, C.R.S.
7		[Curre	ent rule	s 2.15.2	2 through 2.15.4 are retained; unaltered]
8	New R	Pule 4.1.	.3 conce	erning _I	participation in coordinated elections:
9 10 11 12		4.1.3	SUBDI RESIDI	VISION ENCE A	TATED ELECTION OFFICIAL OF EACH PARTICIPATING POLITICAL MUST CERTIFY THE COMPLETENESS AND ACCURACY OF THE ADDRESSES WITHIN THE DISTRICT NO LATER THAN THE 70TH DAY TION DAY.
13	Amena	dments i	to Curr	ent Rul	e 4.8.3(a):
14		4.8.3	Printi	ng prim	ary election ballots
15 16 17			(a)	nomii	major political party, as defined in section 1-1-104(22.5), C.R.S., nates more than one candidate for any office, the county clerk must act the primary election for all major political parties.
18 19				(1)	The county clerk must include on the ballot all offices to which candidates may be nominated in the primary election.
20 21				(2)	If there are no candidates for any particular office, the county clerk must print on the ballot "There are no candidates for this office".
22				[Secti	ons 1-4-101 and 1-4-104.5, C.R.S.; Election Rule 10.3- 10.1.1]
23				[Curr	rent Rule 4.8.3(b) is retained; unaltered]
24	Amena	dments i	to Curr	ent Rul	e 4.8.4(a) and (b):
25		4.8.4	Use of	f uniqu	e numbers on ballots
26 27 28 29			(a)	transr state	ot for ballots sent to military or overseas electors by electronic mission under Rule 16.2, a county may not print a ballot for use in a or federal election that has a unique number, or a barcode containing que number, that is specific to a single ballot.
30 31				(1)	A county that uses rotating numbers must print at least ten ballots of each ballot style for each number.
32 33				(2)	Nothing in this Rule prohibits a county from printing a unique number or barcode on the A removable stub.

1 2 3 4	(b) After an election official dissociates a voted ballot from its envelope and removes the stub, IF ANY, the county may write or print unique numbers on the voted ballot for auditing and accounting purposes, including duplication of damaged ballots and risk limiting audits.
5	[Current Rule 4.8.4(c) is retained; unaltered]
6	Amendments to Current Rule 5:
7	Rule 5. Nonpartisan Elections not Coordinated by the County Clerk
8	5.1 Election Notice
9 10 11	5.1.1-5.1 The designated election official must send notice of the election to the clerk of the county in which the election will be held. The notice must include the date by which the list of registered electors must be submitted to the political subdivision.
12 13	5.1.2 5.2 For multi-county political subdivisions, the notice sent to each clerk must also include the names of all other counties in which the election will be held.
14	5.2 Mail ballot elections
15 16	5.2.1-5.3 If a political subdivision coordinates with the county clerk, the designated election official is not required to submit a separate mail ballot plan for the election.
17	Current Rules 5.2.2 through 5.8 are repealed as follows:
18 19 20 21	5.2.2 If a local governing board determines an election will be conducted by mail ballot, the designated election official must submit a mail ballot plan to the Secretary of State no later than 55 days before the election. The designated election official must use the approved mail ballot plan template.
22 23 24	(a) The designated election official must include an actual sample of the secrecy sleeve or envelope that the designated election official plans to use in the election.
25 26 27 28 29	(b) A home rule municipality must check the appropriate box on the plan indicating whether there are locally adopted election procedures different from those set forth in Title 1, C.R.S. The Secretary of State will not review any home rule municipality's mail ballot plan that fails to include this information.
30	5.2.3 Ballots and ballot packets
31 32 33	(a) For non-partisan elections where multiple ballots will be included in the same packet or will be sent in separate packets, the ballots and return envelopes must include distinctive markings or colors to identify political

1 2			subdivisions when the colors or distinctive markings will aid in the distribution and tabulation of the ballots.
3			(b) The designated election official for each political subdivision for whom
4			one or more county clerks are conducting the election must provide a
5			complete list of eligible electors in their political subdivision to each
6			appropriate county clerk, unless otherwise provided in the
7			intergovernmental agreement. The political subdivision must list each
8			elector only once to ensure that each elector receives one and only one
9			ballot unless otherwise authorized.
10			(c) All election materials prepared by the designated election official,
11			including the Article X, Section 20 notice, may be included in the mail
12			ballot packet.
13		5.2.4	Receipt of Ballots
14			(a) The designated election official must appoint sufficient election officials
15			to process ballots.
16			(b) Each day when ballots come in, an election official must count the ballot
17			envelopes, batch them and record the number received.
18			(c) An election official must date stamp the envelopes upon receipt. If any
19			ballot is received after the time set for the closing of the elections, the
20			envelope must be date-stamped but the ballot must not be counted.
21			(d) Election officials must record the number of ballot packets returned as
22			undeliverable.
23			(e) The designated election official must seal and store ballots in a safe,
24			secure place until the counting of the ballots.
25		5.2.5	Recall elections. The designated election official must submit a written plan to the
26			Secretary of State within five days after the designated election official sets the
27			date of the election. The Secretary of State will approve or disapprove the plan
28			within five days from the date it is received. [Section 1-12-111.5, C.R.S.]
29	5.3	If a de	esignated election official conducts an election on a day other than described in
30		section	1 1-7-116(1), C.R.S., the designated election official may mail the notice required
31			ticle X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution to people who are not eligible
32		elector	's if the mailing is done at the "least cost" possible.
33	5.4		designated election official for the political subdivision is unable to establish a
34			g location within the political subdivision, the designated election official may
35			ate a polling location outside of the political subdivision if the location is
36		conver	nient for the electors.

For elections not conducted in November and not coordinated with the county clerk, the 1 2 ballot issue or question must be identified by the name of the jurisdiction submitting the 3 ballot issue or ballot question followed by a number in the case of initiatives or by a letter 4 in the case of referred measures. 5 Elections authorized by Part 1, Article 45 of Title 37, C.R.S., must be conducted in accordance with Articles 1 through 13 of Title 1, C.R.S., where applicable, unless 6 7 otherwise ordered by the district court having jurisdiction over the water conservancy 8 district, under section 37-45-103 (3), C.R.S. ("Court"). 9 5.6.1 The form and verification of any petition requesting an election conducted by a water conservancy district under sections 37-45-114 (2) and 37-45-136(3.5), 10 11 C.R.S., "Petition"), must conform with sections 1-40-113 and 1-40-116, C.R.S., 12 and Rule 15; except that petitioners need not seek petition format approval from the Secretary of State. Petitioners must file the petition with the court and the 13 water conservancy district must verify the signatures on the petition. 14 15 5.6.2 The procedures for issuing the statement of sufficiency or insufficiency of the petition must conform with section 1-40-117, C.R.S., and Rule 15; except that the 16 statement must be issued by the water conservancy district named in the petition, 17 unless otherwise ordered by the court. 18 19 5.6.3 The procedures for cure of a petition deemed insufficient must conform with section 1-40-117, C.R.S., and Rule 15; except any addendum to the petition must 20 be filed with both the court and the water conservancy district named in the 21 petition, unless otherwise ordered by the court. 22 23 5.6.4 The procedures for protesting the determination that a petition is insufficient must conform with section 1-40-118, C.R.S., and Rule 15, unless otherwise ordered by 24 the court. 25 5.6.5 The designated election official must conduct any election under section 37-45-26 114(2), C.R.S., after the sixtieth but before the one hundredth day after the date of 27 the court order, regardless of the actual expiration date of the term of the office, 28 unless the Court order establishes an alternate date or the water conservancy 29 district has notified the court that the election must be coordinated and conducted 30 in accordance with section 1-7-116, C.R.S. 31 5.6.6 The form and procedures for filing candidate nomination forms and call for 32 33 candidate nominations for the office to be voted upon at the court-ordered election described in this Rule must be conducted under Article 1, Title 32, C.R.S., unless 34 35 otherwise ordered by the court. Non-Partisan Elections: Polling location procedures 36

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5.7.1 For polling place elections conducted in accordance with Article 1, Title 32,

C.R.S., upon execution of the self affirming oath or affirmation under section 32-

1 2			1-806(2), C.R.S., an eligible elector must show identification as defined in section 1-1-104(19.5), C.R.S.
3 4		5.7.2	The designated election official must ensure that each polling location has an adequate number of provisional ballots and affidavits.
5 6		5.7.3	The designated election official must follow the provisional ballot procedures contained in Articles 1 through 13 of Title 1, C.R.S., and Rule 17.
7 8	5.8		erk for a county that contains any portion of a political subdivision within its s must provide election day registration for the political subdivision.
9 10 11		5.8.1	The county clerk must provide voter registration through the 22-day period before the election during normal business hours, Monday through Friday, and 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. on election day.
12 13 14		5.8.2	The county clerk must provide daily registration updates beginning 22 days before election day through the day before election day, to the designated election official by secure transmission as outlined in Rule 20.
15 16		5.8.3	On election day, the county clerk must provide a certificate of registration to any elector who registers to vote or updates his or her registration.
17	New R	Rules 5.4	through 5.6:
18	5.4	REGIS	TRATION LIST FOR A SPECIAL DISTRICT ELECTION
19 20 21		5.4.1	If a special district requests a registration list under section 1-13.5-203(1), C.R.S., the county clerk must provide to the designated election official:
22 23 24 25 26			(a) A list of registered electors as of the 40^{TH} day before the election to be delivered on the 30^{TH} day before the election, followed by a list of all registered electors as of the close of business on the 22^{ND} day before the election to be delivered on the 20^{TH} day before the election; or
27 28			(B) A COMPLETE LIST OF REGISTERED ELECTORS AS OF THE SIXTH DAY BEFORE THE ELECTION.
29 30		5.4.2	Upon request, the county must provide the designated election official a list of UOCAVA electors who reside within the special district.
31 32 33		5.4.3	Beginning the 40^{th} day before the date of election and through election day, the county must stay current with all voter registration data entry.

1 FOR EVERY REGISTRATION LIST SENT TO THE SPECIAL DISTRICT, THE COUNTY CLERK 2 MUST INFORM THE DESIGNATED ELECTION OFFICIAL OF THE PROPER PROCEDURES 3 FOR HANDLING PROTECTED OR CONFIDENTIAL ELECTOR INFORMATION. [SECTION 4 24-72-204(3.5), (8), AND PART 21, ARTICLE 30, TITLE 24, C.R.S.] 5 5.5 REGISTRATION LISTS FOR MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS 6 IF A MUNICIPALITY IS CONDUCTING A MAIL BALLOT ELECTION, THE COUNTY CLERK MUST PROVIDE THE MUNICIPALITY WITH: 7 8 (A) A PRELIMINARY LIST OF ALL ELIGIBLE ELECTORS NO LATER THAN THE 30TH 9 DAY BEFORE THE ELECTION; AND A supplemental list of electors no later than the 20^{th} day before 10 (B) THE ELECTION. THE LIST MUST CONTAIN THE NAMES OF ALL ELIGIBLE 11 ELECTORS IN THE MUNICIPALITY WHO WERE NOT ON THE 30-DAY LIST AND 12 WHO REGISTERED ON OR BEFORE THE 22^{ND} day before the election. 13 14 5.5.2 THE COUNTY CLERK MUST PROVIDE THE MUNICIPALITY WITH A REGISTRATION LIST 15 NO LATER THAN THE FIFTH DAY BEFORE THE ELECTION. IF PROVIDED ON THE FIFTH 16 DAY, THE LIST MUST INCLUDE ALL REGISTERED ELECTORS IN THE MUNICIPALITY AS 17 OF THE SIXTH DAY BEFORE THE ELECTION. BEGINNING THE 40TH DAY BEFORE THE ELECTION AND THROUGH ELECTION DAY, 18 THE COUNTY CLERK MUST STAY CURRENT WITH ALL VOTER REGISTRATION DATA 19 20 ENTRY. 21 5.5.4 FOR EVERY REGISTRATION LIST SENT TO THE MUNICIPALITY, THE COUNTY CLERK 22 MUST INFORM THE DESIGNATED ELECTION OFFICIAL OF THE PROPER PROCEDURES OF FOR HANDLING PROTECTED OR CONFIDENTIAL ELECTOR INFORMATION. [SECTION 23 24 24-72-204(3.5), (8), AND PART 21, ARTICLE 30, TITLE 24, C.R.S. 25 5.6 IF AN ELIGIBLE ELECTOR ATTEMPTS TO REGISTER OR UPDATE HIS OR HER REGISTRATION AT 26 THE COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE, THE COUNTY MUST PROCESS THE REQUEST AND ENSURE 27 THAT THE ELECTOR APPEARS ON THE NEXT REGISTRATION LIST PROVIDED TO THE 28 MUNICIPALITY OR ISSUE THE ELECTOR A CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION. 29 Amendments to Rules 6.4 and 6.5 concerning election judges: 30 6.4 A supervisor judge in a voter service and polling center must: 31 Successfully pass the criminal background check described in Rule 6.5. Any person who has been convicted of an election offense or an offense with an 32 33 element of fraud is prohibited from handling voter registration applications or conducting voter registration and list maintenance activities. 34 35 Effective January 1, 2014, successfully complete COMPLETE a training course provided by the Secretary of State. 36

6.5 The county clerk must arrange for a criminal background check on a supervisor judge and 1 each staff member conducting voter registration activities. 2 The criminal background check must be conducted by or through the Colorado 3 (A) Bureau of Investigation in the Department of Public Safety or by, the County 4 Sheriff's COUNTY SHERIFF'S department IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 24-72-5 305.6(3), C.R.S., for the county in which the county clerk's office is located OR 6 7 SIMILAR STATE OR FEDERAL AGENCY. 8 A PERSON CONVICTED OF AN ELECTION OFFENSE OR AN OFFENSE CONTAINING AN (B) 9 ELEMENT OF FRAUD MAY NOT: (1) 10 HANDLE VOTER REGISTRATION APPLICATIONS OR CONDUCT VOTER 11 REGISTRATION AND LIST MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES; OR 12 (2) HAVE ACCESS TO A CODE, COMBINATION, PASSWORD, OR ENCRYPTION KEY 13 FOR THE VOTING EQUIPMENT, BALLOT STORAGE AREA, COUNTING ROOM, OR 14 TABULATION WORKSTATION. Amendments to Rule 7.1.1 (concerning mail ballot plans for elections conducted by the county 15 *clerk and recorder):* 16 The county clerk must submit a mail ballot plan to the Secretary of State by email 17 no later than 90 days before every election. 18 19 (a) For recall elections, the county clerk must submit a mail ballot plan to the Secretary of State by email within five days after the appropriate official 20 21 sets the election date. The Secretary of State will approve or disapprove the plan within five days after receipt. 22 -The county clerk must submit with the mail ballot plan the VOTER 23 INSTRUCTIONS AND secrecy sleeve or envelope that the clerk intends to use 24 in the election. 25 26 Amendments to Rule 7.2.3(c) (concerning ballots and ballot packets for elections conducted by 27 *the county clerk and recorder):* 28 (c) In coordinated elections, the county clerk must mail ballots to all active 29 eligible electors of each political subdivision. For special district elections, the designated election official of each district must certify to the county 30 clerk the list of electors eligible to vote under section 32-1-806, C.R.S. 31 32 *New Rule 7.2.5 and 7.2.6 (concerning mail ballot and ballot packets):* 33 7.2.5 EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2015, EACH MAIL BALLOT RETURN ENVELOPE AND MAIL 34 BALLOT INSTRUCTION MUST INCLUDE A STATEMENT INFORMING VOTERS THAT IT IS 35 A VIOLATION OF LAW TO DROP OFF MORE THAN TEN BALLOTS IN ANY ELECTION.

7.2.6 Effective January 1, 2015, in addition to the affirmation required by 1 2 SECTION 1-7.5-107(3), C.R.S., EACH MAIL BALLOT RETURN ENVELOPE MUST 3 INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING AFFIRMATION: "FOR THIRD PARTY DELIVERY: I AM 4 VOLUNTARILY GIVING MY BALLOT TO (BLANK) FOR DELIVERY. I HAVE MARKED 5 AND SEALED MY BALLOT IN PRIVATE AND HAVE NOT ALLOWED ANY PERSON TO 6 OBSERVE THE MARKING OF THE BALLOT, EXCEPT FOR THOSE AUTHORIZED TO ASSIST 7 VOTERS UNDER STATE OR FEDERAL LAW." 8 Amendments to Rule 7.4.6: 9 7.4.6 Upon receipt of the ballot, a bipartisan team of election judges must verify the signature on the affidavit under Rule 7.7-7.8. After the affidavit has been verified, 10 a bipartisan team of election judges must duplicate the ballot following the 11 procedures outlined in Rule 18. Duplicating judges must not reveal how the 12 elector has cast his or her ballot. 13 14 Rule 7.4.7, concerning emergency ballot transmission, is repealed (this information is currently 15 addressed by section 1-7.5-115, C.R.S.): 7.4.7 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the following procedures apply to 16 delivery and return of ballots to electors affected by a disaster emergency. 17 18 (a) Definitions 19 (1) "Affected elector" means an elector who is displaced from or 20 isolated in the elector's residence, as a result of a disaster 21 emergency. (2) "Affected county" means a county in which a disaster emergency 22 23 exists. (3) "Disaster emergency" means a state of disaster emergency 24 25 declared by an authorized public officer under applicable law. 26 (b) The county clerk of an affected county may issue an original or replacement ballot to an affected elector in-person at the county clerk's 27 office under section 1-7.5-107(2.7), C.R.S., or by mail at any time after 28 official ballots are printed and in the possession of the county clerk under 29 section 1-5-403(1), C.R.S. 30 31 Disaster Emergency mail ballots 32 (1) An affected elector who is unable to obtain his or her ballot in-33 person or by mail because he or she is isolated in his or her residence may apply for a disaster emergency mail ballot on a form 34 provided by the Secretary of State. 35

2		an affected elector by mail, fax, or email.
3 4 5		(3) The county clerk must record the issuance and receipt of disaster emergency mail ballots sent by electronic transmission on a log approved by the Secretary of State.
6 7 8	(d)	The county clerk of an affected county must submit to the Secretary of State an amendment to the county's contingency plan. The amendment, at a minimum, must include:
9		(1) A general description of the affected areas;
10 11		(2) A plan for notifying affected electors of procedures to obtain and return ballots;
12 13		(3) Procedures for delivery and return of ballots to and from affected electors; and
14 15		(4) Any procedures necessary to ensure the security of ballots delivered to or returned by affected electors.
16	New Rule 7.5.1(c) an	d (d) concerning receipt and processing of ballots:
17 18 19	(C)	SIGNAGE AT EACH DROP-OFF LOCATION MUST INFORM VOTERS THAT IT IS A VIOLATION OF LAW TO DROP OFF MORE THAN TEN BALLOTS IN ANY ELECTION.
20 21 22	(D)	The minimum number of drop-off locations must be open during reasonable business hours as defined in Rule $7.8.1(a)$ and from $7:00$ a.m. through $7:00$ p.m. on election day.
23	New Rule 7.5.7 conce	erning disassociating voted ballots from mail ballot return envelopes:
24 25 26 27	COUNT	E ELECTION JUDGES VERIFY THE ELECTOR'S ELIGIBILITY AND SIGNATURE, THE TY CLERK MUST DISSOCIATE AND SEGREGATE THE MAIL BALLOT RETURN COPE FROM THE SECRECY SLEEVE AND A VOTED BALLOT IN A MANNER THAT LES NO PERSON IS ABLE TO DETERMINE HOW AN INDIVIDUAL VOTED.
28	[Current Rule 7.5.7 i	s renumbered as Rule 7.5.8]
29	Amendments to Curr	ent Rule 7.5.8:
30 31 32 33	REPOR	The county clerk must dissociate any batch number that could trace a back to the specific voter who cast it from the counted ballots OR ANY TS GENERATED BY THE TABULATION SOFTWARE no later than the final cation of the abstract of votes cast.

1	New Ku	le /.5.	10 concerning ballots received by the wrong county:
2 3 4 5	Ţ.	7.5.10	IF AN ELECTOR DELIVERS A BALLOT TO THE WRONG COUNTY, THAT COUNTY MUST DATE STAMP THE BALLOT AND FORWARD IT TO THE CORRECT COUNTY. THE CORRECT COUNTY MUST TREAT THE BALLOT AS RECEIVED AS OF THE DATE AND TIME OF THE DATE STAMP.
6	New Ru	le 7.6	(amended and relocated current Temporary Rule 7.13; adopted on 6/24/2014):
7	7.6	BALLO	OT RETURNED IN UNOFFICIAL ENVELOPE
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15		7.6.1	IF THE COUNTY TIMELY RECEIVES A MAIL BALLOT FROM AN ELIGIBLE ELECTOR IN AN ENVELOPE OTHER THAN THE OFFICIAL BALLOT RETURN ENVELOPE FOR THAT PARTICULAR ELECTION, THE COUNTY MUST CONTACT THE ELECTOR IN WRITING WITHIN THREE CALENDAR DAYS OF RECEIVING THE BALLOT BUT NO LATER THAN TWO CALENDAR DAYS AFTER ELECTION DAY. THE COUNTY MUST USE THE LETTER AND AFFIDAVIT PRESCRIBED BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE AND KEEP A COPY AS PART OF THE OFFICIAL ELECTION RECORD. IF THE COUNTY RECEIVES THE COMPLETED AFFIDAVIT NO LATER THAN THE EIGHTH DAY AFTER ELECTION DAY THE COUNTY MUST COUNT THE BALLOT.
17	[Curren	t Rule	es 7.6 through 7.7.8 are renumbered accordingly]
18	New Ru	le 7.8.	9 concerning voter service and polling centers:
19 20 21	-	7.8.9	SIGNAGE AT EACH VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTER MUST INFORM VOTERS THAT IT IS A VIOLATION OF LAW TO DROP OFF MORE THAN TEN BALLOTS IN ANY ELECTION.
22	[Curren	t Rule	e 7.8 is renumbered as Rule 7.9]
23	Amendn	nents t	to Current Rule 7.9:
24 25 26 27 28	I (OFF ADESIGN County	THE COUNTY CLERK MUST COMPLETE AN ACCESSIBILITY SURVEY FOR ALL DROPAND VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTER LOCATIONS ANNUALLY BEFORE NATING A LOCATION FOR USE, AND No later than 90 days before an election, the clerk must designate drop-off locations and voter service and polling centers., and etc an accessibility survey for all drop off and voter service and polling center ons annually before designating a location for use.
30 31 32 33	f	7.9.1- 7	7.10.1 For the first survey of a location, the county clerk must complete the full ADA Checklist for voter service and polling centers. The county clerk must complete the Annual Voter Service and Polling Center Accessibility Survey form for each election YEAR after the initial survey is completed. [Section 1-5-703 C.R.S.]
35 36	f	7.9.2 -7	7.10.2 If a location fails to meet the minimum accessibility requirements outlined in the ADA Checklist, the county clerk must develop a barrier removal plan

1 2 3		outlining the modifications that the county clerk will implement to bring the site into compliance. The county clerk must indicate on the survey whether the modifications are temporary or permanent.
4 5 6 7 8 9	7.9.3 ′	7.10.3 The Secretary of State may deny an application for accessibility grant funds if a county clerk fails to assess locations, timely file complete accessibility surveys, or develop and implement necessary barrier removal plans in accordance with this Rule. The Secretary will conduct site visits to assess compliance and identify accessibility barriers. The Secretary will seek injunctive action or other penalties under section 1-1-107(2)(d), C.R.S., as necessary to remedy violations of this Rule.
11	[Current Rule	e 7.10 is renumbered as Rule 7.11]
12	[Renumbering	g and amendments to Current Rules 7.11 and 7.12:]
13	7.11- 7.12	Assisting voters with disabilities in a voter service and polling center
14 15	7.11.1	-7.12.1 The designated election official must post a sign at the voter service and polling center that states:
16		NOTICE
17		VOTING ASSISTANCE FOR ELECTORS WITH DISABILITIES
18 19		ado law protects a voter's legal right to assistance in voting if assistance is needed se of a disability.
20	1.	If you require assistance, please inform an election judge.
21	2.	Any person, including an election judge, may assist you.
22 23	3.	If you select a person other than an election judge, he or she must complete a Voter Assistance Form, which includes an oath that states:
24 25		I,, certify that I am the individual chosen by the elector to assist the elector
26 27		in casting a ballot. I further certify that I will not in any way attempt to persuade or induce the elector to vote in a particular manner, nor will I cast the elector's vote other than as directed by the elector I am assisting.
26	4.	PERSUADE OR INDUCE THE ELECTOR TO VOTE IN A PARTICULAR MANNER, NOR WILL I
26 27 28	<i>4</i> . <i>5</i> .	PERSUADE OR INDUCE THE ELECTOR TO VOTE IN A PARTICULAR MANNER, NOR WILL I CAST THE ELECTOR'S VOTE OTHER THAN AS DIRECTED BY THE ELECTOR I AM ASSISTING. The person you select may provide any assistance you need, including entering

3O	01 Силт	ENCINC AN IN DEDSON VOTED
29	Rule 9.	Voting Challenges
28	Amendments t	o Rule 9
26 27	8.6.10	ATTEMPT TO DETERMINE OR DISCLOSE ANY RESULTS BEFORE THE POLLS HAVE CLOSED.
24 25	8.6.9	DISCLOSE OR RECORD ANY CONFIDENTIAL VOTER INFORMATION THAT HE OR SHE MAY OBSERVE.
22 23	8.6.8	ATTEMPT TO DETERMINE HOW ANY ELECTOR VOTED OR OBTAIN CONFIDENTIAL VOTER INFORMATION.
20 21	-	ent rules 8.6.2 through 8.6.7 are retained; unaltered. New Rules 8.6.8 through follow:]
18 19	8.6.1	Interrupt, STOP, or disrupt the processing, verification, and counting of any ballots or any other stage of the election.
17	8.6 A water	cher may not:
16	Amendments t	o Rule 8.6.1:
12 13 14 15	under	Reimbursement to counties for state ballot measure elections. No later than 90 fter an election, the county must submit a completed request for reimbursement section 1-5-505.5, C.R.S. The county must submit the request using the formed by the Secretary of State.
11	[Current Rule	10.10 is relocated and incorporated into New Rule 7.13 as shown above]
10	10.10.	3-7.13.3 All research concerning discrepancies must be explained and documented.
9		(b) All signature cards are accounted for.
8		(a) Each voter received credit for voting; and
6 7	10.10.2	2-7.13.2 If the voter history records do not match the number of voters who voted at that election, the designated election official must ensure the following:
4 5	10.10.	1–7.13.1 After the canvass, the designated election official must give vote credit to each voter who voted in the election.
3	10.10- 7.13	Voter history
1 2	7.11.2	7.12.2 If a voter has spoiled two ballots and requests a third ballot, an election official must offer assistance in voting procedures and casting the ballot.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7		9.19.1.1 Under Section 1-9-201, C.R.S., an election official, watcher, or eligible elector of the precinct may challenge an elector's right to vote. A person whose eligibility is challenged while voting in-person, must be offered a regular ballot by an election judge if the person satisfactorily answers the applicable challenge questions specified in section 1-9-203, C.R.S., and this Rule. If the person challenged provides unsatisfactory answers or refuses to answer the challenge questions, an election judge must offer the person a provisional ballot.			
8 9		9.2 9.1		Citizer ited Sta	aship. The election judge must ask the elector, "Are you a citizen of tes?"
10 11		9.3 9.1	.3 questic		ncy. The election judge must ask the elector the following
12 13			9.3.1 (A	day?"	"Will you have resided in Colorado for the 22 days before election
14 15			9.3.2 (E	record	"Do you reside at the address stated in your voter registration?"
16 17 18			9.3.3(0	the ele	"Have you been absent from Colorado during the past 22 days?" If ctor responds that he or she was absent during the 22-day period, ction judge must also ask the following questions:
19 20				(a) (1)	"Have you been absent for a temporary purpose with the intent of returning, or did you intend to remain outside Colorado?"
21 22				(b) (2)	"While you were absent, did you consider Colorado to be your home or did you maintain a home or domicile elsewhere?"
23 24				(c) (3)	"While you were absent, did you vote in any other state or territory of the United States?"
25 26		9.4 9.1			The election judge must ask the elector, "Will you be 18 years of age ection day?"
27 28 29 30	9.2	ELECT	ION JUD ENT POI	GE MU	HALLENGES A MAIL BALLOT UNDER SECTION 1-9-201, C.R.S., THE ST FORWARD THE BALLOT TO TWO OTHER ELECTION JUDGES OF PARTY AFFILIATIONS WHO MUST REVIEW THE ELECTOR'S ELIGIBILITY
31 32 33 34			9.2.1	VOTE O	H ELECTION JUDGES DETERMINE THE ELECTOR IS NOT ELIGIBLE TO ON A PARTICULAR BALLOT ISSUE, BALLOT QUESTION, OR RACE, THE MUST COUNT ONLY THOSE BALLOT ISSUES, BALLOT QUESTIONS, OR FOR WHICH THE ELECTOR IS ELIGIBLE.

1 2 3	9.2.2	IF BOTH ELECTION JUDGES DETERMINE THE SIGNATURE ON THE RETURN ENVELOPE DOES NOT MATCH THE ELECTOR'S SIGNATURE IN SCORE, THE JUDGES MUST FOLLOW THE PROCEDURES IN SECTION 1-7.5-107.3(2), C.R.S.,
4 5 6	9.2.3	IF BOTH ELECTION JUDGES DETERMINE THE ELECTOR IS ELIGIBLE AND THAT ELECTOR'S SIGNATURE IS VALID, THE ELECTION JUDGES MUST COUNT THE ELECTOR'S BALLOT.
7	Amendments to Rule	<i>10:</i>
8	Rule 10. Canvassin	g and Recount
9	[Current Rule 10.1 i.	s relocated to New Rule 10.2]
10 11	[New Rule 10.1 inc below]	ludes relocated portions of Current Rules 10.3, 10.4, and 10.5 as shown
12	10.1 PRECANVASS	ACCOUNTING
13 14 15 16	"BALI PERSC	PURPOSES OF ARTICLE 10 OF TITLE 1, "BALLOTS CAST IN AN ELECTION" OR LOTS CAST IN EACH PRECINCT" MEANS PAPER OR DRE BALLOTS VOTED IN BY ELECTORS AT A VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTER AND VOTED MAIL DTS RECEIVED FOR PROCESSING BY THE COUNTY CLERK.
17 18 19 20	ballot	Detailed Ballot Log. The designated election official must keep a detailed log that accounts for every ballot issued and received beginning when are ordered and received. The election officials must reconcile the log at inclusion of each workday.
21 22 23 24	Ballot	Daily voter service and polling center ballot accounting. 10.4.1—The nated election official must supply each polling location with a Statement of its Form. Election judges must record the following information on a separate nent of ballots form for each day that the polling location is open:
25	(a)	The name or number of the polling location;
26 27	(b)	The number of ballots provided to or printed on-demand at the polling location;
28	(c)	The number of ballots cast;
29	(d)	The number of unvoted ballots;
30	(e)	The number of damaged or spoiled ballots;
31	(f)	The number of voted provisional ballots; and
32	(g)	The date.

1 2			After a polling location closes for the day election judges must complete lowing tasks:
3 4		(a)	Reconcile the total number of voted ballots with the number of voters who voted.
5 6 7		(b)	Verify that the total number of voted ballots, spoiled or damaged ballots, provisional ballots, and unvoted ballots is the same as the number of total ballots supplied to or printed at the polling location.
8 9		(c)	Reconcile the number of people who signed signature cards to the total number of ballots cast.
10 11 12		(d)	Provide a written explanation of any discrepancy in the numbers on the Statement of Ballots form, (for example, the voter signed in but left the polling location without voting, etc.).
13 14 15 16		(e)	Return AFTER THE VOTER SERVICE AND POLLING CENTER CLOSES ON ELECTION NIGHT, ELECTION JUDGES MUST RETURN the completed Statement of Ballots form FOR EACH DAY THE LOCATION WAS OPEN ALONG WITH ALL and voted, unvoted, spoiled, and provisional ballots to one of the election offices designated in the mail ballot plan.
18	10.5 -10	.1.5	Designated Election Official's disposition of forms
19 20		10.5.1	(A) The designated election official must review the Statement of Ballots form FORMS for completion and accuracy.
21 22 23 24		10.5.2	(B) If the designated election official or the canvass board discovers a problem with the A Statement of Ballots form that cannot be easily resolved, they may contact the election judges for an explanation or correction.
25	[Current Rules	10.1 a	and 10.9 are amended and renumbered as New Rule 10.2 as follows:]
26	10.1 -10.2	Appoi	ntment to the Canvass Board
27 28			In all cases, the canvass board must consist of an odd number of members, ch member has equal voting rights.
29 30 31 32		represe represe	For a partisan election, each major party may have no more than two entatives on the canvass board. The board must include an equal number of entatives from each major party, unless a major party fails to certify entatives for appointment.
33 34 35		vote in	Each major party representative on the canvass board must be registered to the county where the representative will serve and affiliated with the party he represents.

1 2				lidate for office and members of the candidate's immediate family on the canvass board.
3 4	10.9 -10.			atment of Canvass Workers. The designated election official may as workers to help prepare and conduct the canvass.
5	[Current Rules	10.2 aı	nd 10.1.	2 are amended renumbered as New Rule 10.3 as follows:]
6	10.2 10.3	Outies (of the C	Canvass Board
7 8				invass board must make its determinations by majority vote in th section 1-10-101.5(1)(c), C.R.S.
9	10.2.2 -1	0.3.2	The car	nvass board's duties are to:
10 11	(Conduction of the conduction o	ct the canvass in accordance with section 1-10-101.5, C.R.S., ng:
12 13			(1)	Account and balance the election and certify the official abstract of votes;
14 15			(2)	Reconcile the number of ballots counted to the number of ballots cast; and
16 17 18			(3)	Reconcile the number of ballots cast to the number of voters who voted by reviewing the reconciled detailed ballot logs and Statement of Ballots.
19 20	(e the post-election audit in accordance with section 1-7-514(4), and Election Rule 11.3.3(k);
21 22	(dination with the county clerk, investigate and report discrepancies n the audit under section 1-7-514(2), C.R.S.; and
23 24 25 26	(,	this Ru	ct any recount in accordance with section 1-10.5-107, C.R.S., and ale. The canvass board's role in conducting a recount includes ag ballots for the random test, observing the recounting of ballots, tifying the results.
27 28 29	t	he boa		poard identifies a discrepancy in the A Statement of Ballots FORM, y review the particular ballots at issue to identify, correct, and error.
30 31			The car	nvass board may not perform duties typically reserved for election ng:
32	(a)	Determ	nining voter intent;
33	(b)	Evalua	ting voter eligibility; and

1 2	(c)	Requesting new logs or reports that were not created to conduct the election.
3 4		Role of Watchers. Watchers appointed under section 1-10-101(1)(a), may observe the board while it performs its duties, subject to Rule 8.
5	Current Rule 10.3 is a	amended and renumbered as New Rule 10.1.1.
6	Current Rules 10.4 ar	nd 10.4.1 are amended and renumbered as New Rule 10.1.2.
7	Current Rule 10.4.2 is	s amended and renumbered as New Rule 10.1.3.
8	Current Rule 10.5 is a	amended and renumbered as New Rule 10.1.4.
9 10	Current Rules 10.6, 1 follows:	0.7.2(e)-(7) and 10.11 are amended and renumbered as New Rule 10.4 as
11	10.6 -10.4 Procedures	for the day of the Canvass
12 13		The designated election official must provide the following information to avass board:
14	(a)	The name of each candidate, office, and votes received;
15	(b)	The number or letter of each ballot issue or question and votes received;
16 17	(c)	The number of ballots cast, including the number of accepted and rejected mail ballots; and
18 19	(d)	The number of provisional ballots cast, including the number accepted and rejected-;
20 21	[Curre follows	ent Rules 10.7.2(e)-(h) are relocated to this New Rule 10.4.1 (e)-(h) as s:]
22	(e)	The number of mail ballots counted and the number rejected;
23	(f)	The number of in-person ballots counted;
24 25	(g)	The number of provisional ballots counted and the number rejected listed by each rejection code; and
26	(h)	The number of damaged and spoiled ballots.
27 28		Any written documentation regarding official numbers is RESULTS MUST uded as part of the canvass.
29	<u>10.11.</u> 10.4.3	Written Complaints

1 2 3		10.11.	H(A) The designated election official must provide the canvass board with any written complaint submitted by a registered elector about a voting device.
4 5		10.11.	2-(B) If the complaint is resolved, the designated election official must provide the details of the resolution.
6 7 8		10.11.	3-(C) If the complaint is pending resolution when the board meets to conduct the canvass, the designated election official must provide a proposal for how the issue will be resolved.
9	10.7 -10.5	Officia	al Abstract and Reporting to the Secretary of State
10 11 12	10.7.1		anvass board must use the official abstract in a format approved by the ary of State. [Current Election Rule 10.7.1 is incorporated into New Rule 1.]
13 14	10.7.2		The official county abstract must include, by precinct or ballot style, applicable:
15		(a)	The total number of active registered electors on election day;
16 17		(b)	The total number of registered electors (active and inactive) on election day;
18		(c)	The statement of votes counted by race and ballot question or issue; AND
19		(d)	The total number of ballots cast in the election;.
20		[Curre	ent Election Rules 10.7.2(e)-(h) are relocated to New Rules 10.4.1(e)-(h).]
21 22 23	10.7.3	APPRO	The state portion of the abstract, which the county must USE THE FORMAT VED BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE AND transmit to the Secretary of State, nclude:
24		(a)	The total number of active registered electors on election day;
25 26		(b)	The total number of registered electors (active and inactive) on election day;
27 28		(c)	The statement of votes counted by race and The Summary of votes Cast for each state race and each ballot question or issue;
29		(d)	The total number of ballots cast in the election; and
30		(e)	The Canvass ENR upload required under Rule 11.10.4.
31	10.8 -10.6	The Co	ounty Abstract is the Official Permanent Record

2	10.8.1	forms as part of the official permanent election record.
3 4 5	10.8.2	-10.6.2 Once the canvass board certifies the abstract it may not withdraw the certification. In the event of a recount, the canvass board may only affirm or amend the abstract.
6	Curre	nt Rule 10.9 is renumbered as New Rule 10.2.5.
7	Curre	nt Rule 10.10 is relocated and incorporated into New Rule 7.13
8	Curre	nt Rule 10.11 is renumbered as New Rule 10.4.3.
9	Curre	nt Rule 10.12 is renumbered as New Rule 10.3.5.
10	10.13 -10.7	Role of the Secretary of State
11 12	10.13	1-10.7.1 As part of the Secretary's duties under section 1-1-107, C.R.S., the Secretary may provide guidance and investigate imperfections as outlined below.
13 14 15	10.13	2-10.7.2 The county clerk or the canvass board may request that the Secretary of State provide guidance and support to the canvass board in the exercise of the board's duties.
16 17 18 19	10.13	3-10.7.4 If, in the course of assisting a canvass board, the Secretary of State discovers an imperfection that the Secretary believes may affect the conduct of other canvass boards, the Secretary may provide notice to other counties regarding the nature of the imperfection.
20	10.13	4 Imperfect returns or failure to certify
21 22 23 24 25		(a) If the canvass board fails to certify or certifies imperfect returns that have no reasonable potential to change the outcome of any race or ballot measure, the Secretary of State and county clerk must certify the election and order recounts, if any, in accordance with Part 1, Article 11 of Title 1, C.R.S.
26 27 28 29		(b) If the canvass board fails to certify or certifies imperfect returns that have a reasonable potential to change the outcome of any race or ballot measure, the Secretary of State will conduct an investigation to identify the nature of, and advise the county clerk in correcting, the inaccuracy.
30 31	[Curr C.R.S	ent Rule 10.13.4 is repealed; this information is addressed by Article 10, of Title 1,
32	10.14- 10.8	Recount generally
33	10 14	1.10.8.1. The purpose of a recount is to re-tabulate the hallots

1 2 3	10.14	-2-10.8.2 For statewide or federal races, ballot issues or ballot questions, the countrice clerk must coordinate scheduling the recount through the Secretary of State's office so that it can ensure adequate observer coverage.		
4	10.15 -10.9	Recount cost estimates and reimbursements		
5 6 7 8 9	10.15	A-10.9.1 A county must submit a request for reimbursement for a mandatory recount of a state or federal race or ballot measure using the Secretary of State approved form. The county may not request reimbursement for meals or normal overhead costs or regular employee compensation. The county must include itemized costs for reasonable expenditures, including:		
10		(a)	Mailings and notices;	
11 12		(b)	Election judges, temporary staff, canvass board pay, and overtime pay; and	
13		(c)	Copies and other office expenses related to the recount.	
14	10.15	.2- 10.9.2	2 Requested recounts	
15 16 17		(a)	The county clerk must provide an itemized cost estimate in accordance with section 1-10.5-106, C.R.S., upon submission of a formal request for a recount.	
18 19 20 21		(b)	In preparing a cost estimate for a requested recount, the county must use the Secretary of State approved form. The estimate must include reasonable itemized costs for conducting the recount. The county may not request reimbursement for normal overhead costs.	
22 23		(c)	The county clerk must submit a cost estimate to the Secretary of State when the clerk provides it to a requesting party.	
24 25 26		ss boar	ordance with section 1-10.5-107, C.R.S., and Rule 10.2.2(d) 10.3.2(D), the d's role in conducting a recount includes selecting ballots for the test, recounting of ballots, and certifying the results.	
27	10.17 -10.11	Watch	ers and observers DURING A RECOUNT	
28 29	10.17	.1-10.11 recour	J 11	
30 31 32	10.17 .	. 2- 10.11 officia Rule 8	d observers, may be present and witness the recount in accordance with	

1 2 3	10.17.			The recount board must take the canvass board oath, assisting es must take the election judge's oath, and any person observing the take a watcher's oath.
4 5 6	10.17.	•	y clerk (Complaints. A watcher may submit a complaint in writing to the or designee. Written complaints during a recount will be addressed with Rule 13.
7	10.18- 10.12	Testin	g recou	nt equipment
8 9 10 11	10.18.	extent	ng the feasible	The canvass board must review the post-election audit before equipment for testing under section 1-10.5-102(3), C.R.S. To the e, the board must select equipment for testing that was not included ection audit.
12 13 14	10.18.			The county clerk must test all scanners that will be used in the purpose of the test is to ensure that the tabulation machines are erly.
15 16 17 18 19 20		(a)	cast in ballots county ballots	est deck must include 50 ballots or 1% of the total number of ballots in the election, whichever is greater, except that the total number of is tested may not exceed the total number of ballots comprising the y's test deck for the Logic and Accuracy test before the election. The is must be marked to test every option for the race or measure that the recounted.
21 22 23			(1)	In a mandatory recount, the canvass board must select the ballots to be tested from the county's test deck for the Public Logic and Accuracy test.
24 25 26 27 28			(2)	In a requested recount, the person requesting the recount may mark up to 25 ballots. Any other candidate in the race may also mark up to 25 ballots. The canvass board must randomly select ballots from the county's test deck for the Public Logic and Accuracy test to ensure the minimum number of test ballots required by this Rule.
29 30		(b)		judges or staff must hand tally the test ballots for comparison to the tion results.
31		(c)	The te	st is limited to the race or measure that is recounted.
32 33	10.18.	3- 10.12 DREs		The county clerk must test the VVPAT records from 1% of the d votes cast for the race or measure being recounted.
34 35		(a)		judges or staff must manually verify the results on the machines ed for the test.
36		(b)	The te	st is limited to the race or measure that is recounted.

1	10.15	Count	ing banots during a recount
2 3 4 5 6	10.19 .	the sa this R	In accordance with section 1-10.5-102(3)(b), C.R.S., if there are no pancies in the test under Rule 10.18 10.12, the recount must be conducted in me manner as the ballots were counted in the election except as outlined in ule. If there are unresolvable discrepancies in the test, the recount must be cted as a hand count under Rule 10.19.5 10.13.5.
7 8 9	10.19.		A clear audit trail must be maintained throughout the recount ing, but not limited to, a log of seal numbers on transfer cases or ballot, and the corresponding numbered seal for each transfer case or ballot box.
10 11	10.19	3-10.13 Rule 1	ϵ
12 13		(a)	Every over-vote or under-vote in the race(s) or measure(s) subject to the recount must be reviewed for voter intent under Rule 18.
14 15		(b)	The judges conducting the voter intent review may resolve the intent differently than the judges in the election.
16	10.19	4- 10.13	.4 To recount ballots using "Ballot Now":
17		(a)	Back up the official election database.
18 19		(b)	Open Ballot Now with an unused Mobile Ballot Box (MBB) from the election and create a Ballot Now recount database.
20		(c)	Scan and resolve all recount ballots according to this Rule 10.
21 22 23		(d)	Save all recount Cast Vote Records to the MBBs after verifying that the number of ballots processed matches the number of ballots cast in the recount contest.
24 25		(e)	Open a new recount election in "Tally" and process the recount MBBs following the tabulation procedures above.
26		(f)	Compare recount results to original results and document any differences.
27		(g)	Backup the test database and the official recount database.
28	10.19	5 -10.13	To recount ballots by hand count.
29 30		(a)	If the tabulation of the original count was conducted by hand count, the recount must be conducted by hand count.
31 32		(b)	Ballots must be counted in batches of 25 to ensure that the number of ballots recounted matches the number originally counted.

1 2	(c) Votes must be counted by individual hash marks in 25-count sections by two different judges.
3 4	10.19.6-10.13.6 For tabulation of DREs, if there are no discrepancies in the test under Rule 10.18.3 10.12.3, the county clerk must upload the memory cards.
5 6 7	10.19.7-10.13.7 Tabulation of ballots cast must be completed through a precise, controlled process that ensures each container of ballots is retabulated and resealed before tabulation of the next container begins.
8 9 10	10.19.8-10.13.8 The number of ballots counted according to the final results for that race or measure must be available during the recount for comparison purposes.
11	10.20-10.14 Canvass and reporting results FOR A RECOUNT
12 13	10.20.1-10.14.1 Totals of recounted ballots must be reported in summary form as follows:
14 15	(a) Sum total of votes cast for each race or measure recounted, under-votes, and over-votes for each location;
16 17	(b) The totals must be a combined total, not totaled by individual precincts or location, unless the tabulation system allows.
18 19 20	10.20.2-10.14.2 In accordance with section 1-10.5-107, C.R.S., and this Rule 10, the canvass board must amend, if necessary, and re-submit the abstract of votes cast.
21	Amendments to Current Rule 11.3.2 concerning voting systems:
22	11.3.2 Logic and Accuracy Test
23 24 25	[Current Rules $11.3.2(a)$ and (b) are amended and renumbered as New Rules $11.3.2(c)(1)$ and (2) . Current Rules $11.3.2(c)$ and (d) are amended and renumbered as New Rules $11.3.2(a)$ and (b) :]
26 27 28	(c) (A) The designated election official COUNTY CLERK must conduct the public Logic and Accuracy Test before voting NO LATER THAN THE 18 TH DAY BEFORE ELECTION DAY.
29 30 31 32 33	(d) (B) The designated election official COUNTY CLERK must ensure that the Logic and Accuracy Test is open to the media and the public to the extent allowable in accordance with section 1-7-509(2)(b), C.R.S. The designated election official COUNTY CLERK may limit the number of representatives from each group because of space limitations.

1 2		s $11.3.2(a)$, (b) , (e) through (g) are amended and renumbered as $.3.2(c)(1)$ through (5) :
3	(C) PREPA	RING FOR THE LOGIC AND ACCURACY TEST
4	(a) (1)	The designated election official COUNTY CLERK must prepare a
5	() ()	sufficient number of test ballots that represent every ballot style
6		and precinct, if applicable, allow for a sufficient number of ballots
7		to mark every vote position for every candidate on every race
8		including write-in candidates, allow for situations where a race
9		may permit an elector to vote for two or more positions, where
10		applicable, and include overvotes and undervotes for each race.
10		applicable, and include overvoices and undervoices for each ruce.
11	(b) (2)	The designated election official COUNTY CLERK must create a
12		Testing Board of one registered elector from each of the major
13		political parties, as defined in section 1-1-104(22), C.R.S., if
14		appointed. Testing Board members must be registered to vote in
15		the county.
16	[Curr	ent Rules 11.3.2(c) and (d) are amended and renumbered as New
17		11.3.2(a) and (b) as shown above.]
1 /	Rutes	11.5.2(a) and (b) as shown above.
18	(e) (3)	The designated election official COUNTY CLERK must provide at
19		least 25 ballots that are clearly marked as test ballots to each
20		Testing Board member.
21	(f)_(1)	Testing Board members must secretly vote their ballots following
	(1) (4)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
22 23		the instructions printed on the ballots and retain a record of the
23		tally. Of the 25 test ballots, two must be tested as audio ballots.
24	(g) (5)	The Testing Board must test the ballots on each type of voting
25		device used in the election and each type of ballot including audio
26		ballots.
27	Current Rule	11.3.2(h) is amended and renumbered as New Rule 11.3.2(d):
28	(h)-(D) Condu	acting the Test
29	(1)	The designated election official COUNTY CLERK and Testing Board
30	(-)	must observe the tabulation of all test ballots, compare the
31		tabulation with the previously retained records of the test vote
32		count, and correct any discrepancies before the device is used in
33		the election.
34	(2)	The designated election official COUNTY CLERK must reset the
35		public counter to zero on all devices and present zero tapes to the
36		Testing Board for verification. For any device capable of
37		producing or verifying the trusted build hash value (MD5 or SHA-
37		

1 2 3		COUNT		nware or software, the Designated Election Official RK must verify and document the accuracy of the levice.
4 5 6 7	(3)	The designated election official COUNTY CLERK must make an appropriate number of voting devices available and the Testing Board may witness the programming and/or downloading of memory devices necessary for the test.		
8 9	(4)	The Testing Board and designated election official must count the test ballots as follows:		
10		(A)	Optica	d Scanners:
11 12 13			(i)	The Testing Board must count test ballots on at least one, but not more than five, central count scanners and at least one scanner used at a voter service and polling center, if applicable.
15 16			(ii)	The Testing Board must randomly select the machines to test.
17 18 19 20			(iii)	The Testing Board must count the board and county's test ballot batches separately and generate reports to verify that the machine count is identical to the predetermined tally.
21		(B)	DREs:	
22 23			(i)	The Testing Board must count the test ballots on at least one, but not more than five, DREs.
24 25			(ii)	The Testing Board must randomly select the machines to test.
26 27			(iii)	The Testing Board must identify and test two ballots as audio ballots.
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36			(iv)	The Testing Board must count at least 50 of the board's ballots and a random sampling of at least 25 of the county's test ballots separately and generate reports to verify that the machine count is identical to the predetermined tally. For DREs with VVPAT devices, the Testing Board must manually count the paper record to verify that the pre-determined totals of the Testing Board and county test ballot batches match the VVPAT total.

1 2			s $11.3.2(h)(4)(B)(v)$, (vi), and (viii) are re-codified as New Rules (2), and (3):
3	(E)	Сомр	LETING THE TEST
4		(v) (1)	The designated election official COUNTY CLERK must keep all test
5		` , ` ,	materials, when not in use, in a durable, secure box. Each member
6			of the Testing Board must verify the seals and initial the chain-of-
7			custody log maintained by the designated election official COUNTY
8			CLERK. If the records are opened for inspection, at least two
9			election officials must verify the seals and initial the chain-of-
10			custody log.
11		(vi) (2) After testing, the Testing Board must watch the designated election
12			official COUNTY CLERK reset and seal each voting device.
13		(vii) (3	
14			COUNTY CLERK must sign a written statement attesting to the
15			qualification of each device successfully tested, the number of the
16			seal attached to the voting device at the end of the test, any
17			problems discovered, and any other documentation necessary to
18			provide a full and accurate account of the condition of a given
19			device.
20		(4)	AFTER TESTING, THE TESTING BOARD MUST WATCH THE COUNTY
21			CLERK CREATE A BACKUP COPY OF THE ELECTION DATABASE.
22		(5)	THE COUNTY CLERK MAY NOT CHANGE THE PROGRAMMING OF ANY
23			VOTING DEVICE AFTER COMPLETING THE LOGIC AND ACCURACY
24			TEST FOR AN ELECTION, EXCEPT AS REQUIRED TO CONDUCT A
25			RECOUNT OR AS AUTHORIZED BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE.
26	Amendments to Curre	ent rule	11.4:
27	11.4 The designate	ed elect	ion official COUNTY CLERK must submit election setup records by
28			than 5:00 p.m. on the fifteenth SEVENTH day before election day.
29	Amendments to Curre	ent rule	11.10:
30	11.10 Election Nigh	nt Repo	rting (ENR). The county must report election night results for all
31	primary, gene	ral, coo	rdinated and recall elections.
32	11.10.1	A data	a entry county must program the election to support the exporting of
33			results in accordance with the following upload requirements:
34	(a)	List c	contest names and candidate names exactly as provided on the
35	(/	certific	•

1	(b)	Provide contest names in all uppercase letters.
2 3	(c) (B)	For counties that use the ES&S and Premier voting systems, arrange the contests in the order prescribed by section 1-5-403(5), C.R.S.
4	(d) (C)	Capitalize candidate names (e.g., John A. Smith).
5	(e) (D)	Present a precinct name as a ten-digit precinct number.
6 7	(f) (E)	For counties that use the Hart voting systems, use the "Split_name" field split precinct naming purposes.
8	(g)- (F)	Create a "Provisional" precinct.
9	(h)- (G)	Use only the party codes certified by the Secretary of State.
10	(i) (H)	Do not include the party name or code in the candidate name field.
11 12	11.10.2 follow	No later than eight-14 days before the election, a county must send the ing information to the Secretary of State, at the address in Rule 11.6:
13	(a)	A data entry county must email a sample or "zero" file.
14	(b)	A manual entry county must send a list of all ballot content.
15 16 17	•	The county must export or produce PRELIMINARY election results and them to the ENR system a minimum of three times on election night OR COMPLETED, WHICHEVER OCCURS FIRST:
18	(a)	After the close of polls but no later than 7:30 8:00 p.m.
19	(b)	At or around 9:00 p.m.
20 21	(c)	The county must indicate that reporting is complete in the ENR system for election day after the county uploads the last results on election night.
22 23 24 25	canvas	After canvass the The county must export or produce OFFICIAL election, and check the appropriate box in the ENR system to indicate that the supload is complete, NOT LATER THAN CLOSE OF BUSINESS OF THE FIRST ASS DAY AFTER THE STATUTORY DEADLINE FOR COMPLETING THE CANVASS.
26	Current Rule 12.1 is r	repealed. Rule 12 is reserved:
27	Rule 12. Recall	
28 29 30	an elector's vo	ng any other provision of law, the designated election official must count ote for a successor candidate regardless of whether the elector voted on the n. [In Re: Interrogatory Propounded by Governor John Hickenlooper

1 2	Concerning the Constitutionality of Certain Provisions of Article XXI, § 3 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado, 2013 CO 62.]				
3	[RESERVED]				
4	Amen	dments to (Curren	t Rule	e 13:
5	Rule	13. Election	on and	HA	VA Complaints
6	13.1	Election	compla	aint p	rocedures
7 8			•		tal who personally witnesses a violation of Title 1, C.R.S. THE ECTION CODE OF 1992 may file an election complaint.
9		[Current	Rule 1	3.1.2	is retained; unaltered]
10		13.1.3 P	rocessi	ng an	nd docketing election complaints
11 12 13 14		(a	a	lesigr	n three business days of receiving a complaint, the Secretary's nee will review the complaint to determine if it satisfies Rule 13.1.2 ufficiently alleges a violation OF THE UNIFORM ELECTION CODE OF
15 16 17			(1)	If the complaint does not meet the criteria -REQUIREMENTS OF RULE 13.1.3(A), the Secretary's designee will notify the complainant of the discrepancy -DEFICIENCY.
18 19 20 21			(2)	If a complaint meets the criteria, the Secretary's designee will assign a complaint number, notify the complainant, and send a copy of the complaint to the person or entity alleged to have committed a violation.
22 23 24		(b	V	violati	notification, the person or entity alleged to have committed the ion will have 15 business days to submit a written response to the tary of State's office.
25		[Current	Rule 1	3.1.4	is retained; unaltered]
26 27		[Current amended			1.5 (a), (b), and (d) are retained; unaltered.] Rule 13.1.5(c) is
28		13.1.5 In	nvestig	ation	
29		(c	e) I	Deper	nding on the violation alleged, the Secretary's designee may:
30			(1)	Review documents;
31			(2)	Visit the county:

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MPLAINT WITHIN INANT DOES NOT

1 2 3			CONSENT TO AN EXTENSION OF TIME, THE SECRETARY OF STATE WILL TRANSFER THE COMPLAINT TO THE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE COURTS (OAC).
4 5		(B)	THE SECRETARY OF STATE WILL PROVIDE THE RECORD AND ANY OTHER MATERIALS FROM THE PROCEEDINGS TO THE OAC.
6 7 8		(C)	THE SECRETARY OF STATE WILL CONSIDER THE INITIAL DETERMINATION BY THE OAC AND ISSUE A FINAL DETERMINATION WITHIN 60 DAYS OF THE DATE THE DETERMINATION IS RECEIVED BY THE SECRETARY.
9	13.2.7 -13.2.8	The So	ecretary of State's determination is a final agency action.
10	New Rule 14.	.4.6 cond	cerning Voter Registration Drives:
11 12 13	14.4.0	THE A	D ORGANIZER OR CIRCULATOR MAY NOT HIGHLIGHT OR OTHERWISE MARK PPROVED VOTER REGISTRATION DRIVE APPLICATION FORM, OTHER THAN TO THE VRD NUMBER AND CIRCULATOR INFORMATION.
14	Amendments	to Curre	ent Rule 15:
15	Rule 15.	Prepa	ration, Filing, and Verification of Statewide Initiative Petitions
16 17			amended and renumbered as New Rule 15.2. Current Rules 15.5.7, 15.6, amended and re-codified as New Rule 15.1 as follows:
18 19			ING REQUIREMENTS APPLY TO CANDIDATE, STATEWIDE INITIATIVE, RECALL, DUM PETITIONS, UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
20 21	15.5 .7		The Secretary of State OR COUNTY will not accept or count additional ures after proponents file the original petition or addendum.
22	15.6 2	15.1.2	Circulator affidavit
23 24		15.6.1	-(A) If a petition section does not have a completed circulator affidavit, the Secretary of State OR COUNTY will reject the entire section.
25 26 27		15.6.2	(B) If a petition section does not have a completed notary clause, or if the date of the notary clause differs from the date the circulator signed the affidavit, the Secretary of State OR COUNTY will reject the entire section.
28	15.8 1	5.1.3	Verifying individual signatures ENTRIES
29 30		15.8.1	(A) Staff will check each individual entry against the information contained in SCORE.
31 32		15.8.2	Staff will create and maintain a master record of each accepted and rejected entry, along with the reason code for each rejected entry.

1 2 3	15.8.3(C) If an entry does not match the signor's current information SCORE, staff must check the signor's information in SCORE as date the signor signed the petition.	
4	15.8.4 (D) Secretary of State OR COUNTY staff will reject the entry if:	
5	(a) (1) The name on the entry is not in SCORE;	
6 7	(b) (2) The middle initial or middle name on the entry does not mat middle initial or middle name in SCORE;	ch the
8	(e) (3) The address on the entry does not match the address in SCOR	έE;
9	(d) (4) The address on the entry is a post office box;	
10	(e) (5) The entry is incomplete;	
11 12	(f) (6) The signer completed the entry before the designated el official approved the petition format;	ection
13 14	(g) (7) The signer was not an eligible elector at the time he completed the entry;	or she
15 16	(h) (8) The signer completed the entry after the date on the circ affidavit;	ulator
17 18 19	(i) (9) Evidence exists that some other person assisted the sign completing the entry but no statement of assistance accomplete the entry;	
20 21	(j)-(10) The name and signature on the entry is illegible and can verified in SCORE;	not be
22 23	(k) (11) The entry is a duplicate of a previously accepted en the same petition; or	try on
24 25 26 27	(1)-(12) For a candidate petition where an elector may sign only petition for the same office, the entry is a duplicate of a prevaccepted entry on another petition A PREVIOUSLY FILED PET for the same office.	iously
28	15.8.6(E) Secretary of State OR COUNTY staff will accept the entry if:	
29 30 31	(a) (1) The name on an entry matches or is substantially similar information in SCORE, or if the signature on an entry is a covariant of the name;	
32 33	(b) (2) A middle initial or middle name is present on the entry but SCORE, or present in SCORE but not on the entry:	not in

1 2		(e) (3) A suffix is present on the entry but not in SCORE, or present in SCORE but not on the entry; or
3 4		(d) (4) The address on the entry is missing an apartment letter or number or a street direction.
5 6	Current Rule follows:	s 15.1 and 15.2 are amended and renumbered as New Rules 15.2 and 15.3 as
7	15.1 -15.2	Petition entity license, registration, filing, and circulation
8 9 10	15.1.1	-15.2.1 A petition entity that intends to pay petition circulators must obtain a petition entity license, pay a fee, and register with the Secretary of State before circulating petitions. The license application must include:
11		(a) The petition entity's name, address, telephone number, and email address;
12		(b) The designated agent's name; and
13 14 15		(c) An affirmation that the designated agent has read and understands Article 40 of Title 1, C.R.S., and has completed the Secretary of State's circulator training program.
16 17 18	15.1.2	-15.2.2 Before compensating a circulator, the designated agent must register with the Secretary of State by submitting a signed form that includes a list of the proposed initiatives the petition entity will circulate.
19 20 21	15.1.3	-15.2.3 If a petition entity fails to register a proposed initiative over any two-year period, the license expires. The Secretary of State will notify a petition entity that its license has expired within 30 days after the date of expiration.
22 23	15.1. 4	-15.2.4 A petition entity may renew an expired license without a fee by submitting a new license application.
24	15.2 -15.3	Petition representatives FOR INITIATIVE PETITIONS
25 26	15.2.1	-15.3.1 A petition section must list the names of the two proponents or the names of the two designated representatives, as defined in 1-40-104, C.R.S.
27 28 29 30 31	15.2.2	-15.3.2 The term "person responsible," as used in section 1-40-118(2.5)(a), C.R.S., means a person who circulates a petition, or causes a petition to be circulated, and who commits, authorizes, or knowingly permits fraud as defined in sections 1-40-111(3)(a) and 1-40-135(2)(c), C.R.S., that results in invalid signatures or petition sections.
32	15.3 -15.4	Petition STATEWIDE INITIATIVE PETITION circulation

- 1 15.3.1—15.4.1 Petition circulation may begin after the title board's final decision, including disposition of any rehearing motion, after the time for filing a rehearing motion, and after the Secretary of State has approved the petition format. If an appeal is filed with the Supreme Court, the six-month period specified in section 1-40-108(1), C.R.S., begins on the date the petition is first signed or on the date the Supreme Court's decision becomes final, whichever is first. Signatures gathered outside of this period are invalid.
 - 15.3.2 15.4.2 The petition circulator must provide a permanent residence address on the circulator affidavit. If the circulator is not a permanent Colorado resident, the circulator must also provide the Colorado address where he or she temporarily lives.
 - (a) For purposes of Article 40 of Title 1, C.R.S., and this Rule, a circulator's permanent "residence" or "domicile" means his or her principal or primary home or place of abode in which a circulator's habitation is fixed and to which the circulator, whenever absent, has the present intention of returning after a departure or absence, regardless of the duration of the absence. A permanent "residence" or "domicile" is a permanent building or part of a building and may include a house, condominium, apartment, room in house, or mobile home. Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this Rule, a vacant lot, business address, or post office box is not a permanent "residence" or "domicile". (Sections 1-2-102(1)(a)(i) and 1-40-121(1)(b), C.R.S.)
 - (b) A homeless circulator must provide the address or location where he or she is living the date the affidavit is signed. The circulator must provide a physical location; a post office box may not be provided.
 - (c) For the purposes of sections 1-40-106(4)(b), 1-40-111(3)(a), 1-40-121(2)(a), and 1-40-135(2)(c), C.R.S., a circulator's permanent residence address that does not comply with this Rule 15.3.2 15.4.2 is a "false address".
 - 15.4-15.4.3 Proponents may file a petition or addendum only once, and may not supplement additional signatures after filing the petition or addendum, even if the additional signatures are offered before the deadline to submit the original petition or addendum.
 - 15.5 Petition STATEWIDE INITIATIVE PETITION receipt by Secretary of State
- 15.5.1 Except as specified in Rule 15.2.1-15.3.1, the Secretary of State will not accept a petition that lists proponents other than those authorized by law.
- 37 [Current Rules 15.5.2 through 15.5.6 are retained; unaltered]
- 38 [Current Rule 15.5.7 moved to New Rule 15.1.1]

1	[Current Kute	13.0 is	amenaea ana renumberea as New Rule 13.1.2.]
2	15.7- 15.6	Petitio	n Statewide initiative petition verification
3	15.7.1	-15.6.1	Verification by random sample.
4	15.7.2	-15.6.2	Preliminary count and random number generation.
5 6 7		(a)	After counting the entries on each petition section, Secretary of State staff will enter the petition identification number, the petition section number, the page number, and the number of entries on the page into the database.
8 9 10		(b)	Staff will then create a record for each entry that contains the petition identification number, petition section number, page number, and the entry number. Staff will tally the total number of entries.
11 12 13		(c)	If the number of entries is less than the total number of signatures required to certify the measure to the ballot, the Secretary of State will issue a statement of insufficiency.
14 15 16 17	15.7.3	equal whiche accord	Random sample. The database will generate a series of random numbers to 4,000 signatures or five percent of the total number of signatures, ever is greater. Staff will check the validity of the random signatures in ance with this Rule. Staff will maintain a master record of each accepted ected entry, along with the reason code for each rejected entry.
19	[Current Rule	15.8 is	amended and renumbered as New Rule 15.1.3.]
20	15.9 -15.7	Curing	s insufficient STATEWIDE INITIATIVE petitions
21 22 23	15.9.1	time, S	If petition proponents submit additional signatures within the permitted Secretary of State staff will verify the additional signatures in accordance its Rule 15.
24 25 26	15.9.2	on the	If the Secretary of State found the original submission insufficient based random sample verification, staff will add the number of additional valid ares to the number of projected valid signatures in the original submission.
27 28 29		(a)	If the new projected number of valid signatures equals 110% or more of the required signatures, the Secretary of State will issue a statement of sufficiency.
30 31 32 33 34		(b)	If the new projected number of valid signatures equals more than 90% but less than 110% of the required signatures, staff will verify all previously submitted signatures. Staff will add the total number of valid signatures in the original petition to the number of additional valid signatures submitted in the addendum in order to determine sufficiency.

1 2 3	15.9.3-15.7.3 If the initial verification was of every signature, staff will add the number of additional valid signatures to the number of valid signatures in the original submission in order to determine sufficiency.
4 5	15.9.4-15.7.4 Staff will issue a new statement of insufficiency or sufficiency that reports the total number of valid signatures submitted.
6	[Current Rule 15.10 is repealed:]
7	15.10 Petition protests
8 9	15.10.1 A petition protest must specifically state the reasons for challenging the determination of sufficiency or insufficiency.
10 11	(a) A protest alleging the violation of a specific statute or rule must cite the statute or rule and specifically state the violation.
12 13 14	(b) A protest alleging the improper acceptance or rejection of individual entries must cite the entry and petition section number and specifically state why the entry should be accepted or rejected, as applicable.
15	15.11-15.8 Referendum petitions
16 17	15.11.1-15.8.1 This Rule applies to statewide referendum petitions under Article V, Section 1 (3) of the Colorado Constitution.
18 19 20	15.11.2-15.8.2 Except where this Rule states otherwise, any statutory or constitutional provision that applies specifically to initiative petitions also applies to referendum petitions.
21 22	15.11.3 The following procedural steps that apply to initiative petitions do not apply to referendum petitions:
23 24 25	(a) Review and comment by legislative staff on the text of proposed initiated constitutional amendments and initiated laws, under Article V, Section 1(5), Colorado Constitution, and section 1-40-105, C.R.S.
26 27	(b) Title-setting by the title setting review board established in section 1-40-106, C.R.S.
28 29 30 31 32	15.11.4-15.8.3 Proponents may submit a referendum petition to the Secretary of State for approval at any time after the General Assembly has passed the bill. The Secretary of State will not issue final approval of the referendum petition form until the bill has become law under Article IV, Section 11 of the Colorado Constitution.
33 34	15.11.5-15.8.4 Each referendum petition section must consist of the following, in the order listed:

1 2			[New Rules 15.8.4 (a)-(g), formerly numbered 15.11.5 (a)-(g), are retained; unaltered]
3 4		15.11.	6-15.8.5 A referendum petition section must include only the matters required by Article 40, Title 1, C.R.S., and this Rule, and no extraneous material.
5		15.11.′	7-15.8.6 The ballot title must consist of the title of the act on which the referendum
6			is demanded, followed by the bill number, in substantially the following form, in
7			which the underlined material is only for example:
8			"An Act concerning registration requirements for motor vehicles, and, in
9			connection therewith, authorizing two- and five-year registration periods and
10			authorizing discretionary vehicle identification number inspections, and making
11			an appropriation, being House Bill No. 02-1010."
12		15.11.	8-15.8.7 When referendum is demanded on less than an entire Act of the General
12 13			Assembly, the ballot title and submission clause must consist of the ballot title
14			preceded by words in substantially the following form, in which the underscored
15			material is only for example, and ending in a question mark:
16			"Shall Section 3 (concerning definition of terms) and Section 4 (eliminating
17			licensing requirements for motor vehicle dealers) of the following Act of the
18			General Assembly be approved:" The material in parentheses shall correctly and
19			fairly summarize the subject or the effect of the portion of the Act referenced.
20		15.11.	9-15.8.8 If a referendum petition is timely filed with the Secretary of State with a
21			sufficient number of valid signatures, it will appear on the ballot at the next
22 23			general election that occurs at least three months after the referendum petition is
23			filed with the Secretary of State.
24	Amend	dments t	o Current Rule 16.1 concerning military and overseas voters (UOCAVA):
25	16.1	Genera	al Rules concerning voting by military and overseas electors
26		16.1.1	For the purposes of this Rule 16, elector means a covered voter as defined in
27		10,1,1	section 1-8.3-102(2), C.R.S.
28		16.1.2	In accordance with the Help America Vote Act of 2002 and this Rule 16, each
29			county clerk's office must have a dedicated fax machine for the purpose of fax
30			ballot transmission.
31		16.1.3	In accordance with section 1-8.3-109, C.R.S., a ballot application submitted by an
32			elector is effective through the next regularly scheduled General Election, unless
33			the elector specifies otherwise. The county clerk must mail or
34			ELECTRONICALLY TRANSMIT A BALLOT TO ALL ACTIVE ELIGIBLE ELECTORS. AN
35			ELECTOR WHO REQUESTS COVERED-VOTER STATUS MUST SUBMIT AN APPLICATION
36			AFFIRMING HIS OR HER ELIGIBILITY TO DO SO IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 1-8.3-
37			102(2), C.R.S.

16.1.4 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an elector may submit an application 1 2 for registration and ballot request with his or her voted ballot as long as the ballot is timely submitted and received under sections 1-8.3-111 and 1-8.3-113, C.R.S. 3 16.1.5 16.1.4 Use of a Federal Write in Absentee Ballot (FWAB) as an application for 4 5 registration or ballot request. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if IF an unregistered elector submits a FWAB-FEDERAL WRITE-IN ABSENTEE BALLOT 6 (FWAB) by the deadline set forth in sections 1-8.3-111 and 1-8.3-113, C.R.S., the 7 FWAB is a timely application for registration and ballot request. 8 9 16.1.6.16.1.5 In accordance with sections 1-8.3-111 and 1-8.3-113, C.R.S., all ballots cast must be voted and mailed or electronically transmitted no later than 7:00 p.m. 10 MT on election day, and received by the county clerk or the Secretary of State no 11 later than the close of business on the eighth day after election day. 12 16.1.7-16.1.6 Ballots received by the Secretary of State 13 If the Secretary of State timely receives a ballot under section 1-8.3-113, 14 (a) C.R.S., and Rule 16, the Secretary of State will immediately notify the 15 appropriate county clerk and forward the ballot by the most efficient 16 means available no later than the next business day. 17 18 (b) To ensure voter secrecy, any county notified that the Secretary of State has received a ballot must retain a minimum of ten voted ballots to be counted 19 20 with the ballot received by the State. 21 16.1.8-16.1.7 The county clerk must send a minimum of one correspondence no later than 60 days before the Primary Election to each elector whose record is marked 22 "Inactive" The correspondence may be sent by email or mail and, at a minimum, 23 must notify the electors of: 24 The status of the elector's record and ballot request; 25 (a) The upcoming federal elections; 26 (b) How to update the elector's mailing information and request a ballot; and 27 (c) 28 (d) Any other information the county clerk deems appropriate. 29 16.1.9 16.1.8 No later than 45 days before an election, the county clerk must report to the Secretary of State the number ballots transmitted to military and overseas 30 electors by the 45-day deadline. 31 16.1.10-16.1.9 Failure to meet the 45-day ballot transmission deadline in section 1-8.3-32 110, C.R.S. 33

(a) If a county fails to meet the 45-day ballot transmission deadline provided 1 for any state or federal election, the county clerk must immediately report 2 the failure and reason for the failure to the Secretary of State. 3 The county clerk must provide a plan to the Secretary of State for 4 (b) complying with the deadline in the next state or federal election. 5 (1) The county must submit the plan to the Secretary of State no later 6 than 60 days before the transmission deadline. 7 The county must provide a weekly progress report on 8 (2) 9 implementing the plan to the Secretary of State beginning 50 days before the transmission deadline. 10 The county clerk must provide a daily progress report to the 11 (3) Secretary of State beginning five days before the transmission 12 deadline. 13 14 Amendments to Current Rule 16.2.1 concerning electronic transmission for military and overseas voters (UOCAVA): 15 16.2.1 In accordance with sections 1-8.3-110 and 1-8.3-113, C.R.S., an elector may 16 request to receive and return his or her ballot by electronic transmission. 17 [Current Rules 16.2.1 (a) and (b) are retained; unaltered] 18 19 An IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 1-8.3-113(1), C.R.S., AN elector who (c) chooses to receive his or her unvoted ballot by online ballot delivery may 20 return his or her ballot by fax or email. 21 To return a voted ballot and self-affirmation by email, the elector must 22 (d) scan and return the documents as an email attachment. 23 24 (E) IF AN ELECTOR REQUESTS TO RECEIVE HIS OR HER BALLOT BY ELECTRONIC 25 TRANSMISSION, THE COUNTY CLERK MUST TRANSMIT THE ELECTOR'S 26 BALLOT ELECTRONICALLY FOR ALL COVERED ELECTIONS UNTIL THE ELECTOR REQUESTS OTHERWISE. 27 28 Amendments to Rule 16.2.6: 16.2.6 Upon receipt of a voted ballot sent by electronic transmission, the county clerk 29 must verify the elector's signature in accordance with Rule 7.7-7.8. After the 30 affidavit has been verified, a bipartisan team of judges must duplicate the ballot. 31 Duplicating judges must not reveal how the elector voted. 32 Amendments to Current Rule 18.3.2(d)(6) concerning sequence of resolution procedures for 33 34 central count optical scan:

2 3 4	containing one or more valid write-in votes. The total write-in votes must be indicated on the final summary along with seal numbers for each sealed box of scanned ballots.
5	Amendments to Current Rule 21 concerning voting system standards for certification:
6	21.1 Definitions. The following definitions apply to their use in this Rule only.
7	Current Rule 21.1.1 is moved to New Rule 1.1.1.
8	Current Rule 21.1.2 is amended and moved to New Rule 1.1.2.
9	Current Rule 21.1.3 is amended and moved to New Rule 1.1.3
10	Current Rule 21.1.4 is amended and moved to New Rule 1.1.4.
11	Current Rule 21.1.5 is amended and moved to New Rule 1.1.7.
12	Current Rule 21.1.6 is amended and move to New Rule 1.1.11.
13	Current Rule 21.1.8 is repealed as follows:
14	21.1.8 "EAC" means the United States Election Assistance Commission.
15	Current Rule 21.1.9 is amended and moved to New Rule 1.1.18.
16	Current Rule 21.1.10 moved to New Rule 1.1.19.
17	Current Rules 21.1.11 and 21.1.12 are repealed as follows:
18 19 20 21 22	21.1.11 "Equipment" or "device" means a complete and inclusive term to represent all items submitted for certification by the voting system provider. This can include, any voting device, accessory to voting device, DRE, touch screen voting device, card programming device, software, and hardware. "Equipment" may also mean a complete end to end voting system solution.
23 24	21.1.12 "Modification" means a revision or a new release of an electronic or electromechanical voting system.
25	Current Rule 21.1.13 is amended and moved to New Rule 1.1.29.
26	Current Rules 21.1.14 through 21.1.17 are repealed as follows:
27 28 29 30	21.1.14 "Remote site" means any physical location identified by a designated election official as a location where the jurisdiction conducts the casting of ballots for a given election. A remote site includes, locations such as voter service and polling centers.

1	21.1.15 "Removable storage media" means storage devices that can be removed
2	from the system and transported to another location for readout and report
3	generation. Examples of removable storage media include, but are not limited to
4	programmable read only memory (PROM), random access memory (RAM) with
5	battery backup, thumb drives, magnetic media, and optical media.
6	21.1.16 "Secretary of State" means the Colorado Secretary of State, his or her
7	designee, and agents including employees, contractors, and volunteers.
8	21.1.17 "Security" means the ability of a voting system to protect election
9	information and election system resources with respect to confidentiality,
10	integrity, and availability.
11	Current Rule 21.1.18 is amended and moved to New Rule 1.1.36.
12	Current Rules 21.1.19 and 21.1.20 are repealed as follows:
13	21.1.19 "Test Log" or "test records" means the documentation of certification
14	testing and processes. This documentation may include, certification testing
15	reports, test plans, requirements matrices, photographs, written notes, video, and
16	audio recordings.
17	21.1.20 "Trusted build" means the write-once installation disk or disks for
18	software and firmware for which the Secretary of State has established the chair
19	of evidence to the building of a disk, which is then used to establish or re-
20	establish the chain-of-custody of any component of the voting system that
21	contains firmware or software. The trusted build is the origin of the chain of
22	evidence for any software and firmware component of the voting system.
23	Current Rule 21.1.21 is amended and moved to New Rule 1.1.44.
24	21.2-21.1 Introduction
25	21.2.1-21.1.1 For Colorado purposes, no single component of a voting system, or
26	device, meets the definition of a voting system except that nothing in this Rule
27	requires the testing of an entire modified system if the Secretary of State
28	determines in accordance with section 1-5-618, C.R.S., that a modification to any
29	certified voting system requires testing for security and accuracy. Only the
30	modification and any affected features or capabilities must be tested to ensure
31	compliance with this Rule.
32	21.2.2 21.1.2 Sufficient components must be assembled to create a configuration that
33	allows the system or modification as a whole to meet the requirements as
34	described for a voting system in this Rule.
35	21.2.3-21.1.3 The certification of a voting system is not a requirement that a county
36	purchase or lease all of the components of the voting system. Counties may
37	choose to configure and use a subset of the certified voting system and may use

the services of a vendor or third party to provide ballot definition and election 1 programming of memory cards. Counties are not required to use a paper ballot 2 tabulation device if they choose to manually tabulate the election results. 3 4 21.3 21.2 Certification Process Overview and Timeline 5 21.3.1–21.2.1 The voting system will be considered as a unit, and all components tested at once, unless the circumstances necessitate otherwise. Any change made to 6 individual components of a voting system will require the entire voting system to 7 8 be recertified unless the change is a modification that can be approved under 9 section 1-5-618(1.5), C.R.S. 21.3.2 21.2.2 For a voting system to be certified, the voting system provider must 10 successfully complete all phases of the certification process. The certification 11 process includes: submission of a complete application, a documentation review, 12 a public demonstration of the system, and functional testing. 13 21.3.3-21.2.3 The flow of each phase of certification is as follows: 14 Phase I – The voting system provider must submit an application and all 15 (a) documentation required in Rule 21.4-21.3. The Secretary of State will 16 review the application and inform the voting system provider whether or 17 18 not the application is complete. If the application is incomplete, the Secretary of State will identify the deficiencies and the voting system 19 provider will have 30 days to remedy the deficiencies and make the 20 application complete. When the application is complete, the Secretary of 21 State will make arrangements with the voting system provider for a public 22 23 demonstration. Phase II - The Secretary of State will review the submitted 24 (b) documentation, VSTL reports from previous testing, and evaluations 25 provided by other states. 26 27 (c) Phase III – The Secretary of State will prepare a certification test plan. If a VSTL is contracted to test the voting system, the VSTL will work with the 28 Secretary of State to prepare a certification test plan. The certification test 29 30 plan will be presented to the voting system provider for review before execution of the test plan. 31 Phase IV- Upon receipt of the voting system provider's agreement to the 32 (d) certification test plan, the Secretary of State or the VSTL will execute the 33 34 test plan. Phase V – The Secretary of State will review the test results and determine 35 (e) whether the voting system substantially meets the requirements for 36 certification. Within 30 days of a decision, the Secretary of State will post 37

38

the certification test report for the voting system on its website.

21.3.4-21.2.4 The Secretary of State will certify voting systems that substantially comply with the requirements in this Rule 21, Colorado Election Code, and any additional testing the Secretary of State finds necessary.

21.4-21.3 Application Procedure

- 21.4.1-21.3.1 Any voting system provider may apply to the Secretary of State for certification at any time.
- 7 21.4.2 21.3.2 A voting system provider that desires to submit a voting system for certification must complete the Secretary of State's "Application for Certification of Voting System" that is available on the Secretary of State's website.
 - 21.4.3-21.3.3 The Secretary of State, in accordance with section 24-21-104(1)(a), C.R.S., will charge the voting system provider all direct and indirect costs associated with the testing of a voting system submitted for certification. The Secretary of State will provide an estimate of costs for certification testing before the certification process begins. In order to begin testing, the voting system provider must provide a written approval of the cost estimate. The voting system provider must pay all costs before the Secretary of state will issue a final determination.
 - 21.4.4-21.3.4 Along with the application, the voting system provider must submit all documentation required in this Rule 21 in electronic format.
 - 21.4.5-21.3.5 The vendor must identify any material it asserts is exempt from public disclosure under the Colorado Open Records Act, Part 2, Article 72 of Title 24, C.R.S., together with a citation to the specific grounds for exemption before beginning Phase III of the certification process.
 - 21.4.6 21.3.6 The voting system provider must coordinate with the Secretary of State for the establishment of the trusted build. The voting system provider must submit all documentation and instructions necessary for the creation and guided installation of files contained in the trusted build which will be created at the start of functional testing and will be the model tested. At a minimum, the trusted build must include a compilation of files placed on write-once media, and an established hash file distributed from a VSTL or the National Software Reference Library to compare federally certified versions. The trusted build disks should all be labeled with identification of the voting system provider's name and release version.
 - 21.4.7-21.3.7 All materials submitted to the Secretary of State must remain in the custody of the Secretary of State as follows:
 - (a) For certified systems, until the certification is permanently revoked, or until no components of the certified system are used in the State of Colorado; and

1		(b)	For systems that are not certified, a period of 25 months.
2	21.5- 21.4	Voting	System Standards
3 4 5 6 7 8		Materia amenda incorpo	The 2002 Voting Systems Standards are incorporated by reference. al incorporated by reference in the Election Rules does not include later ments or editions of the incorporated material. Copies of the material brated by reference may be obtained by contacting the Federal Election ission, 999 E Street NW, Washington, DC, 20463, 800-424-9530. Copies also available online at
9 10		http://v s.aspx.	vww.eac.gov/testing_and_certification/voluntary_voting_system_guideline
11	21.5.2	21.4.2	All voting systems must meet the 2002 Voting System Standards.
12 13 14 15		softwa	The voting system provider must document that all voting system re, hardware, and firmware meet all requirements of federal law that is accessibility for the voter interface of the voting system. These laws ex:
16		(a)	The Help America Vote Act,
17		(b)	The Americans with Disabilities Act, and
18		(c)	The Federal Rehabilitation Act.
19	21.5.4	21.4.4	Independent Analysis.
20 21 22		(a)	-Before completion of functional testing, all voting system providers submitting a voting system must complete an independent analysis of the system, which includes:
23 24 25 26 27 28 29		(1)- (A)	An application penetration test conducted to analyze the system for potential vulnerabilities according to current industry standards that may result from poor or improper system configuration, known or unknown hardware or software flaws, or operational weaknesses in process or technical countermeasures. The test must involve active exploitation of security vulnerabilities of the voting system, whether or not the vulnerabilities can be mitigated through compensating controls.
30 31 32 33		(2) (B)	A source code evaluation conducted in accordance with Software Design and Coding Standards of the 2002 Voting System Standard or the most current version of the Voluntary Voting System Guidelines approved after January 1, 2008.
34 35		(3) (c)	A complete report detailing all findings and recommended compensating controls for vulnerabilities and deficiencies identified.

1 2	(4) (D)		oting system provider must use at least one of the following to m the independent analysis:
3		(A) (1)	An EAC approved VSTL;
4		(B) (2)	Testing conducted in another state; or
5 6		(C) (3)	Some combination of such VSTL and state testing that meets the requirements of this Rule.
7 8 9 10 11	(5) (E)	under records Review which	ecretary of State or VSTL will conduct a quality review of all work this section. The review may include an examination of the testing s, interviews of the individuals who performed the work, or both. We of testing records may be conducted at the VSTL, the state in the testing was conducted, or at the site of any contractor or attractor utilized by another state to conduct the testing.
13 14 15	(6) (F)	work p	ecretary of State may reject any evaluation if not satisfied with the product and to require additional analysis to meet the requirements ion 1-5-608.5, C.R.S., and this Rule.
16	21.5.5 -21.4.5	Functi	onal Requirements
17 18 19	(a)	system	onal requirements must address all detailed operations of the voting related to the management and controls required to successfully et an election.
20	(b)	The vo	oting system must provide for appropriately authorized users to:
21		(1)	Set up and prepare ballots for an election;
22 23		(2)	Lock and unlock system to prevent or allow changes to ballot design;
24		(3)	Conduct hardware diagnostic testing;
25		(4)	Conduct logic and accuracy testing;
26 27 28 29		(5)	Conduct an election and meet requirements as identified in this Rule 21 for procedures for voting, auditing information, inventory control where applicable, counting ballots, opening and closing polls, recounts, reporting and accumulating results;
30		(6)	Conduct the post-election audit; and
31		(7)	Preserve the system for future election use.
32 33	(c)		oting system must integrate election day voting results with mail and ional ballot results.

1 2 3 4	(d)	combin	ned pre	eystem must provide for the tabulation of votes cast in cincts at remote sites, where more than one precinct is voting cation, on either the same ballot style or on a different ballot
5 6 7 8 9 10 11	(e) (D)	capabi ASCII softwa files o users r	lity to (both comession to the comession) the comession to the comession	management system must provide authorized users with the produce electronic files including election results in either comma-delimited and fixed-width) or web-based format. The t provide authorized users with the ability to generate these on-demand" basis. After creating such files, the authorized we the capability to copy the files to diskette, tape, CD-ROM a type.
12 13 14 15		(1)	format	ts necessary for the Secretary of State must conform to a approved by the Secretary of State. The format must be tible with a commercially available data management m such as a spreadsheet, database, or report generator.
16 17 18	(f)- (E)	closing	g of the	ystem must include hardware or software to enable the voting location and disabling the acceptance of ballots on all n devices to allow for the following:
19		(1)	Printo	ut of the time the voting system was closed.
20 21		(2)		ut of the public counter and protective counter upon closing llot casting functionality.
22		(3)	Ability	y to print a report which must contain:
23			(A)	Names of the offices;
24			(B)	Names of the candidates and party, when applicable;
25 26			(C)	A tabulation of votes from ballots of different political parties at the same voting location in a primary election;
27			(D)	Ballot titles;
28 29			(E)	Submission clauses of all initiated, referred or other ballot issues or questions;
30 31			(F)	The number of votes counted for or against each candidate or ballot issue;
32			(G)	Date of election (day, month and year);
33			(H)	Precinct number (ten digit format);

1			(I)	County or jurisdiction name;
2			(J)	"State of Colorado";
3			(K)	Count of votes for each contest; and
4			(L)	An election judge's certificate with an area for judges'
5				signatures with the words similar to: "Certified by us", and
6 7				"Election Judges". Space must allow for a minimum of two signatures.
8 9		(4)		counted by a summary of the voting location and by dual precincts.
10 11		(5)	•	y to produce multiple copies of the unofficial results at the of the election.
12	(g) (F)			management system must ensure that an election setup may
13				ed once ballots are printed and/or election media devices are
14				without proper authorization and acknowledgement by the
15				dministrative account. The application and database audit
16				gs must accurately reflect the name of the system operator
17 18		-	-	hange(s), the date and time of the change(s), and the "old" lues of the change(s).
19	(h) (G)	All DR	E or B	MD voting devices must use technology providing visual or
20	() (-)			ot display and selection methods used by people with
21		disabil	•	
22	(i)- (H)			voting devices supplied by the voting system provider and
23		continue all	service and polling centers must have the capability to	
24			normal voting operations and provide continuous device	
25			•	uring a 2-hour period of electrical outage without any loss of
26		election	n data.	
27	(j) (I)	The vo	oting sy	ystem must provide capabilities to protect the anonymity of
28	9 / (/	ballot o		
29		(1)	All or	otical scan devices, associated ballot boxes, and VVPAT
30 31				e devices must provide physical locks and procedures during ter the vote casting operation.
32		(2)	All DI	RE devices must provide randomization of all voter choices
33		• •		ored electronic ballot information during and after storage of
34				ters' ballot selections.
35	21.5.6 21.4.6	Physica	al and c	design characteristics

1 2	[Rules 21.4.6 (a) and (b), formerly numbered 21.5.6 (a) and (b), are retained; unaltered]
3	21.5.7-21.4.7 Ballot Definition Subsystem
4	[Rules 21.4.7 (a)-(d), formerly numbered 21.5.7 (a)-(d), are retained; unaltered]
5 6 7	21.5.8-21.4.8 Trusted Build. The voting system must allow the operating system administrative account to verify that the software installed is the certified software by comparing it to the trusted build or other reference information.
8	21.5.9-21.4.9 Audit Capacity
9	[Rules 21.4.9 (a)-(d), formerly numbered 21.5.9 (a)-(d), are retained; unaltered]
10 11	21.5.10-21.4.10 Security requirements. (a) — All voting systems must meet the following minimum system security requirements:
12 13	(1)-(A) The voting system must meet the following requirements to accommodate a general system of access by least privilege and role-based access control:
14 15	(A) (1) Operating system administrative accounts may not have access to read or write data to the database;
16 17 18	(B) (2) Operating system user/operator accounts must be able to be created that are restricted from the following aspects of the operating system:
19	(i) (A) No access to system root directory;
20	(ii) (B) No access to operating system specific folders;
21	(iii) (C) No access to install or remove programs; and
22 23	(iv) (D) No access to modify other user accounts on the system.
24 25	(C) (3) Application administrative accounts must have full access and rights to the application and database;
26 27 28 29	(D) (4) Application user/operator accounts must have limited rights specifically designed to perform functional operation within the scope of the application. This user/operator must be restricted in the creation or modification of any user/operator accounts.
30 31	(2) (B) The voting system must meet the following requirements for network security:

1 2 3	(A)(1) All network-applicable components of the voting system must have the ability to operate on a closed network dedicated to the voting system;
4 5 6 7	(B) (2) All network-applicable components of the voting system must include the limited use of non-routable IP address configurations for any device connected to the closed network. For the purposes of this requirement, non-routable IP addresses are those defined in
8 9 10 11	the RFC 1918 Address base; and (C) (3) The voting system must include provisions for updating security patches, software and/or service packs without access to the open network.
(3) (C) (3) (C) (3) (C) (3) (C)	All voting systems that use databases must: Have databases hardened to specifications developed by the voting system provider. Documentation included with the application must provide a detailed procedure for hardening according to current industry standards. Any government or industry guidelines adopted in whole, or in part, are to be identified in the documentation.
18 (4) (D)	The voting system must meet the following requirements for operating system security:
20 21 22 23 24 25	(A) (1) All voting systems must have all operating systems hardened to specifications developed by the voting system provider according to current industry standards. Documentation included with the application must provide a detailed procedure for hardening. Any government or industry guidelines adopted in whole, or in part, are to be identified in the documentation.
26 27 28	(B) (2) The voting system provider must configure the voting system operating system of the workstation and server used for the election management software to the following requirements:
29 30	(i) (A) The ability for the system to take an action upon inserting a removable media (auto run) must be disabled; and
31 32	(ii) (B) The operating system must only boot from the drive or device identified as the primary drive.
33 34 35 36	(C) (3) The voting system provider must use a virus protection/prevention application on the election management server(s)/workstations which must be capable of manual updates without the use of direct connection to the internet.
37 (5) (E)	The voting system must meet the following requirements for password security:

1		(A) (1) All passwords must be stored and used in a non-reversible format;
2		(B) (2) Passwords to the database must not be stored in the database;
3 4		(C) (3) Password to the database must be owned and only known by the application;
5 6 7		(D) (4) The application's database management system must require separate passwords for the administrative account and each operator account;
8 9 10		(E) (5) The system must be designed in such a way to ensure that the use of the administrative account password is not required for normal operating functions;
11		(F) (6) The system must allow users to change passwords;
12 13 14		(G) (7) The use of blank or empty passwords must not be permitted at any time with the exception of a limited one-time use startup password which requires a new password to be assigned before the system can be used; and
16 17 18 19		(H) (8) All voting systems must have all components of the voting system capable of supporting passwords of a minimum of eight characters, and must be capable of including numeric, alpha and special characters in upper case or lower case used in any combination.
20 21 22	(6) (F)	All modules of the system must meet the 2002 voting system standards requirements for installation of software, including hardware with embedded firmware:
23 24 25 26 27		(A) (1) Where the system includes a feature to interpret and control execution using data from a script, code tokens, or other form of control data file separate from the source code, the human-readable source information must be made available as part of a source code review.
28 29 30 31 32		(B) (2) Security features and procedures must be defined and implemented to prevent any changes of interpreted data files after the initial election testing of the final election definition Replacement of the interpreted data files with tested and approved files from the trusted build must be by authorized personnel before the election definition is finalized for an election.
34 35 36		(C) (3) The introduction of interpreted data during execution must not be permitted unless defined as a predefined set of commands or actions subject to security review and the interpretation function

1 2	provides security edits on input to prevent the introduction of other commands or the modification or replacement of existing code.
3 4	(D) (4) The application must not allow users to open database tables for direct editing.
5 6	(7) (G) All voting systems must meet the following minimum requirements for removable storage media with data controls:
7 8	(A) (1) All voting data stored that includes, ballot images, tally data and cast vote records must be authenticated and validated.
9 10	(B) (2) All non-voting data stored must be authenticated, encrypted, and validated.
11 12 13	(C) (3) All removable media, upon insertion on server and/or workstations hosting the elections management software, must automatically be scanned by antivirus software.
14	21.5.11-21.4.11 Telecommunications requirements
15 16	[Rules 21.4.11 (a)-(g), formerly numbered 21.5.11 (a)-(g), are retained; unaltered]
17	21.5.12-21.4.12 Voter-verifiable paper record requirements
18 19	[Rules 21.4.12 (a)-(d), formerly numbered 21.5.12 (a)-(d), are retained; unaltered]
20	21.5.13-21.4.13 Documentation Requirements
21 22	[Rules 21.4.13 (a)-(c), formerly numbered 21.5.13 (a)-(c), are retained; unaltered]
23 24 25	(d) For the review of VSTL or other state testing in Rule 21.5.12(a) 21.4.12(A) copies of all VSTL or state qualification reports, test logs and technical data packages must be provided to the Secretary of State.
26 27 28 29 30 31 32	(1) The voting system provider must execute and submit any necessary releases for the applicable VSTL, state or EAC to discuss any and all procedures and findings relevant to the voting system with the Secretary of State and allow the review by the Secretary of State of any documentation, data, reports, or similar information upon which the VSTL or other state relied in performing its testing. The voting system provider must provide a copy of the documentation to the Secretary of State.

2 3			identify to the Secretary of State any specific sections of documents for which they assert a legal requirement for redaction.
4 5		[Rules unalter	21.4.13 (d)-(r), formerly numbered 21.5.13 (d)-(r), are retained; ed]
6	21.6 21.5	Testing	preparation procedures
7	21.6.1	-21.5.1	Voting system provider demonstration
8		[Rules	21.5.1 (a)-(p), formerly numbered 21.6.1 (a)-(p), are retained; unaltered]
9 10			Functional testing must be completed according to the phases identified in Rule 21.3.3-21.2.3.
11 12		[Rules unalter	21.5.1 (r) and (s), formerly numbered 21.6.1 (r) and (s), are retained; ed]
13 14 15 16 17 18			The Secretary of State will maintain records of the test procedures in accordance with Rule 21.4.7-21.3.7. The records must identify the system and all components by voting system provider name, make, model, serial number, software version, firmware version, date tested, test number, test plan, requirements matrix, test team notes, and other supplemental information, and results of test. The test environment conditions must be described.
20		[Rules	21.5.1 (u), formerly numbered 21.6.1 (u), is retained; unaltered]
21	21.6.2	-21.5.2	General testing procedures and instructions
22		[Rules	21.5.2 (a)-(i), formerly numbered 21.6.2 (a)-(i), are retained; unaltered]
23	21.7 21.6	Tempo	rary use
24 25 26 27	21.7.1	certifica designa	If a voting system provider has a system that has not yet been approved for ation through the Secretary of State, the voting system provider or the sted election official may apply to the Secretary of State for temporary all of the system to be used for up to one year.
28 29 30 31 32	21.7.2	or enter upon re a juriso	Upon approval of temporary use, a jurisdiction may use the voting system, r into a contract to rent or lease the voting system for a specific election eceiving written notice from the Secretary of State's office. At no time may diction enter into a contract to purchase a voting system that has been ed for temporary use.

21.7.3-21.6.3 Temporary use does not supersede the certification requirements or 1 process, and may be revoked at any time at the discretion of the Secretary of 2 3 State. 21.8 21.7 Decertification 4 5 21.8.1-21.7.1 If, after any time the Secretary of State has certified a voting system, it is determined that the voting system fails to substantially meet the standards set 6 forth in this Rule 21, the Secretary of State will notify any jurisdictions in the 7 8 State of Colorado and the voting system provider of that particular voting system 9 that the certification of that system for future use and sale in Colorado is to be withdrawn. 10 21.8.2-21.7.2 Certification of a voting system may be revoked or suspended at the 11 12 discretion of the Secretary of State based on information that may be provided after the completion of the initial certification. This information may come from 13 any of the following sources: 14 15 [Rules 21.7.2 (a)-(i), formerly numbered 21.8.2 (a)-(i), are retained; unaltered] 21.8.3-21.7.3 If any voting system provider, provides for use, installs, or causes to be 16 installed an uncertifed or decertifed voting system or component, the Secretary of 17 18 State may suspend use of the component or the voting system. 19 21.8.4-21.7.4 In accordance with section 1-5-621, C.R.S., the Secretary of State will 20 hold a public hearing to consider the decision to decertify a voting system. 21 21.9 21.8 Modifications and reexamination. Any modification, change or other alteration to a certified voting system requires certification or review of the modification under section 22 1-5-618, C.R.S., unless the voting system provider decides to present the modified 23 system for certification under this Rule. 24 25 21.10-21.9 Acceptance Testing by Jurisdictions 26 21.10.1—21.9.1 Whenever a jurisdiction acquires voting equipment, the jurisdiction must perform acceptance tests of the system before it may be used to cast or count 27 votes at any election. The voting system must be operating correctly, pass all tests 28 as directed by the acquiring jurisdiction's project manager or contract negotiator 29 and must be identical to the voting system certified by the Secretary of State. 30 21.10.2 21.9.2 The voting system provider must provide all manuals and training 31 32 necessary for the proper operation of the system to the jurisdiction. 33 21.10.3-21.9.3 The election jurisdiction must perform functional and programming tests for all functions of the voting system at their discretion. 34 35 21.11 21.10 Escrow of voting system software and firmware by voting system provider. The voting system provider must meet the requirement for software escrow per the following: 36

21.11.1 21.10.1 The voting system provider must place in escrow a copy of the 1 election MANAGEMENT software, firmware, and supporting documentation being 2 certified with either the Secretary of State or an independent escrow agent 3 4 approved by the Secretary of State. [Section 1-7-511, C.R.S.] 5 21.11.2 21.10.2 Within ten days of the voting system provider receiving notification of examination of voting equipment as part of the certification 6 process, the voting system provider must arrange for the completion of escrow 7 requirements as indicated by this Rule. 8 9 21.11.3 21.10.3 The voting system provider must sign a sworn affidavit that the election MANAGEMENT software in escrow is the same as the election 10 MANAGEMENT software used in its voting systems in this state. 11 21.11.421.10.4 A complete copy of the certified election MANAGEMENT software 12 including any and all subsystems of the certified software will be maintained in 13 14 escrow. 15 21.11.5 21.10.5 Any changes to current configurations or new installations must be approved through the certification program of the Secretary of State. 16 17 21.11.6 21.10.6 In addition to the requirements listed below, the voting system 18 provider must include a cover/instructions sheet for any escrow material to include the voting system provider, address and pertinent contact information, 19 software version, hardware version, firmware revision number, and other uniquely 20 identifying numbers of the software submitted for certification. 21 22 21.11.7 21.10.7 Election MANAGEMENT software source code, maintained in escrow, must contain internal documentation such that a person reasonably 23 proficient in the use of the programming language can efficiently use the 24 documentation to understand the program structure, control techniques, and error 25 processing logic in order to maintain the source code should it be removed from 26 escrow for any reason. 27 21.11.8 21.10.8 System documentation will include instructions for converting the 28 escrowed source code into object code, organized and configured to produce an 29 executable system, if warranted. 30 31 System documentation will include technical architecture design, analysis, detail design, testing and an installation and configuration guide. 32 33 A set of schematics and drawings on electronic vote casting and counting equipment purchased or in use by the county clerk must be filed with the 34 Secretary of State. 35

their possession, control or custody in accordance with this section.

All parties must treat as confidential the terms of this Rule

including all escrow materials and any other related information that comes into

21.11.11 21.10.11

36

37 38

1	21.11.12 21.10.12 Copies of electronic media and supporting documentation for
2	escrow within the Secretary of State will be sent to:
3	Colorado Secretary of State
4	Attn: Voting Systems Specialist
5	1700 Broadway – Suite 200
6	Denver, CO 80290
7	21.11.13 21.10.13 Any cost of using an alternative third party escrow agent must be
8	borne by the voting system provider.